The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence. Country, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

VOL. XIX | WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16 1845 | No 2472

CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS
For one inch and under, Three shillings, and One Shilling for every additional inch, for each insertion.

T only persons authorised to receive Moneys and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" (*except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney*) are MR. WM. BALL and MR. ALFRED FAIRFAX, *Collectors, Sydney*; MR WM. TRESS, *Bathurst*; MR. LABAN WHITE, *Windsor*; MR. HUGH TAYLOR, *Parramatta*; MR. A. W. LARYMORE, *Maitland and Wollombi*; MR. JOHN BROWN, *Campbelltown*; MR. JOHN COLEMAN, *Penrith*; MR. THOMAS W. PALMER, Deputy Postmaster, *Wollongong*; MR. ROBERT CRAIG, Cabinetmaker, *Goulburn*; MR. JOHN M'KINLAY, Postmaster, *Cassilis and Merton*; MR. STEPHEN NUTTER, *Queanbeyan*; MR. THOMAS HOPE, Deputy Postmaster, *Singleton and Jerry's Plains*; MR. WILLIAM PRITCHARD, Deputy Postmaster, *Liverpool*; MR. MICHAEL DOYLE, *Berrima*; MR. ROBERT DAVISON, *for the District of Yass*; MR. THOMAS DOWSE, *Moreton Bay*; MR. JOHN HOULDING, Postmaster, *Raymond Terrace*; MR. PIERCE HEGARTY, *Muswellbrook*; MR. HORATIO TOZER, *Port Macquarie*; MR. HENRY ALDERSON, *Clarence River*; *Port Phillip*; CAPTAIN THOM, *Launceston and Van Diemen's Land*; MR. WILLIAM BARNARD RHODES, *Wellington, for Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand* *who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of* "KEMP AND FAIRFAX," *who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged for debts accruing from January 1841.*

T "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods* ONLY *can Subscribers decline by giving Notice and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter.* ADVERTISEMENTS *must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a. m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid or they will not be taken in*

NOTICE.

MR JOHN BROWNE, of Parramatta, having received the accounts up to the 31st ultimo, due to this Office, from persons residing in the districts of Campbelltown, Camden, Appin, and Stonequarry, is authorised to collect such accounts forthwith; and where they are overdue, he is instructed to proceed against the parties in the Court of Requests; or, if not within that Court, then to commence proceedings in the Supreme Court.

KEMP AND FAIRFAX, Proprietors.
Sydney Morning Herald Office,
April 15, 1845.

NOTICE.

MR. LABAN WHITE, of Windsor, having received the accounts, up to the 31st ultimo, due to this Office, from persons residing in the districts of Windsor, Richmond, Wilberforce, Pitt Town, and Portland Head, is authorised to collect such accounts forthwith; and where they are overdue, he is instructed to proceed against the parties in the Court of Requests, or, if not within that Court, then to commence proceedings in the Supreme Court.

KEMP AND FAIRFAX, Proprietors.
Sydney Morning Herald Office,
April 15, 1845.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.
CHANGE OF WHARF.

THE Public is respectfully informed that the above Packets have *ceased to ply* FROM THE COMMERCIAL WHARF, but will in future run from KELLICK'S WHARF, (adjoining the Hunter's River Steam Company). All applications to be made there, or to J. and W. Byrnes, Parramatta, where wool and other stores will be warehoused as on former occasions.
Parramatta, March 22. 4487

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.
ALTERATION OF HOURS AND PRICES.

THE Public is respectfully informed that, on and after Monday the 7th April, (and during the winter months), the above first class Packets will make their trips between Parramatta and Sydney as follows:

From Parramatta.		From Sydney.	
At 8 o'clock, A. M.		At 9 o'clock, A. M.	
11	"	11	"
1	" P. M.	1	" P. M.
and 4	"	and 4	"

FARES.

	Cabin. s. d.	Steerage. s. d.
Parramatta and Sydney ..	1 6	1 0
Kissing Point............	1 0	0 9
Bedlam Ferry............	0 9	0 6

4891

STEAM TO MORETON BAY.

THE SOVEREIGN Steamer, Henry Cape, Commander, will leave Sydney for Brisbane, on Friday next, the 18th instant, at seven o'clock in the evening.

FRANCIS CLARKE,
Manager.
Hunter River Steam Navigation Company,
Sydney, April 15. 5679

NOTICE.
FOR PORT NICHOLSON AND NELSON.

IN consequence of the removal of the Custom House, the *STAR OF CHINA* will not clear for the above ports until Thursday the 17th instant. For light freight or passage apply on board, at the Circular Wharf; or to

JOHN GIBLETT,
292, Pitt-street
April 15. 5653

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.
TO FOLLOW THE "VANGUARD."

THE PACKET BRIG *EMMA*, 121 tons register, H. T. Fox, hourly expected, will have quick despatch. For freight or passage, having first-rate accommodation, apply to
5424 SHEPPARD AND ALGER.

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

THE fine fast sailing Packet Brig *DORSET*, D. Walsh Commander. This vessel will (in consequence of the closing of the Custom House on Tuesday and Wednesday) clear at the Customs on Thursday, and sail on Friday morning, April 18th.

Passengers are requested to be on board on Friday morning at 8 o'clock.

For freight or passage apply to
J. M. SOLOMON,
5485 Liverpool Wharf.

FOR THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE DIRECT.

THE fine fast sailing schooner *JOHN and CHARLOTTE*, A1, 150 tons, burthen, Freeman, master; she will meet with speedy despatch, and has ample accommodations both for cabin and steerage passengers. For particulars of freight and passage, apply to

MORLEY AND STEELE,
Morley and Steele's Wharf, Bathurst-street,
April 11 5171

FOR THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

THE FINE BRIG *MARTHA*, W. Boustead, now loading at Wood's Wharf, will sail on 22nd instant. For freight or passage apply to Mr. James Wood, or to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.

A Chief Officer wanted.
Wanted, a Long Boat, about eighteen feet over all. 5549

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE first-class Barque *SARAH SCOTT*, Captain Alexander Butcher will positively be despatched on the 27th instant; has only room for 200 bales of wool. For freight apply to
5481 SMITH AND CAMPBELL.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,
FOR WOOL ONLY.

THE fine fast-sailing Barque *PARKFIELD*, 496 tons, is daily expected from Port Phillip, and as the greater part of her cargo is on board, she will have quick despatch. Apply to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Lower George-street.
April 10. 5430

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
TO SAIL THE 30TH INSTANT.

THE FINE A1 SHIP *SULTANA*, 374 tons register, R. Langford commander, has room for about one hundred bales of wool. Apply to the commander, on board; or

CAMPBELL AND CO.
Campbell's Wharf, April 15. 5666

FOR LONDON.
FOR LIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE British-built barque *MARY*, Captain Newby, has excellent accommodations for Cabin and STEERAGE Passengers. Apply to

A. FOTHERINGHAM;
or to
J. B. METCALFE.
April 14. 5619

FOR LONDON DIRECT
LOADING AT BOTTS'S WHARF.

THE regular trader, first class, British-built ship *PALESTINE*, Alexander Sim, Commander, has all her dead weight and a considerable portion of her wool already on board, and will sail at an early date.

For light freight only, or passage, apply to the Captain, on board; or, to

WILLIAM C. BOTTS,
5369 Darling Harbour.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,
TO SAIL ON THE 6TH OF MAY.

THE first class Barque *ANN GRANT*, 377 tons, D. Foreman, Commander. The above vessel will sail punctually to her day, and has room for a limited quantity of wool only. Apply on board, or to
5325 THACKER, MASON, AND CO.

FOR LONDON DIRECT

THE BARQUE *AUTUMNUS*, William White, Commander, having all her cargo engaged, will sail on Saturday, the 19th instant. Shippers are requested to send in their bills of lading for signature.

WILLIAM FANNING,
Spring-street.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT,

THE First-class Brig *ANN CARR*, 196 tons, Winn, Commander will be ready to take in cargo in a few days, the whole of which being nearly engaged she will have quick dispatch.

For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board or to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Lower George-street.
April 10. 5431

FOR LIVERPOOL.
FOR LIGHT FREIGHT ONLY.

THE FINE BARQUE *ELIZA*, A 1, 244 tons, John Valrent, Commander. Apply on board, to John Rostron; or to

J. B. METCALFE.
April 14. 5592

THE AUSTRALIAN BALL.

MR. JAMES GANNON begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of the City, that his Australian Ball will take place at his Hotel, corner of George and Argyle streets, on WEDNESDAY the 23rd instant. Tickets 5s Each gentleman will be allowed to introduce a Lady.

For Tickets, apply to Mr. Ellard, Music Saloon, George-street; Mr. Baker, Engraver, King-street; and of Mr. Gannon, George-street. Dancing will commence at eight o'clock. 5714

EXCHANGE UPON LONDON.

THE Royal Bank of Australia hereby give notice, that they will sell their Drafts or Scotch Bank acceptances, payable in London.
J. P. ROBINSON, Resident Director.
Office, No. 2, Church-hill 7585

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Electors of the Penrith District will be holden at the Court-house, Penrith, on Tuesday, the 6th day of May next, at twelve o'clock at noon, as provided by the 8th clause of the Charter of Incorporation, for the purpose of nominating and electing six duly qualified persons as Members of the Council of the District.

Should the number of candidates exceed six, and demand be made for a Poll, the polling will commence at the Court-house, Penrith, at nine o'clock on the morning of Friday, the 9th of May, and terminate at four o'clock of the same day.

WILLIAM JOHN GIBBES,
Warden.
Beulah, April 6. 5607

Custom House, Argyle-street,
7th April, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the business of this Department will be conducted at the New Custom House, on Thursday, the 17th instant; and that this office, in so far as regards the indoor business, will be closed on Tuesday, the 15th, and Wednesday, the 16th instant, for the purpose of removing the Furniture and Public Documents.

J. GIBBES,
5255 Collector.

REMOVAL.

DR. FREDERICK MACKELLAR has removed from Lower George street, to Dr Wallace's late residence, Druit street. Advice gratis to tradespeople and the poor, from half-past eight to half past ten every morning as formerly by Dr. Wallace 5440

SURGEON-DENTIST

MR. BELISARIO, Spring street, can be consulted daily on all diseases of the Teeth, Gums, &c.

Every description of Artificial Teeth prepared on the most approved principle. Terms moderate. 6982

THE SHIPPING GAZETTE,
AND
SYDNEY GENERAL TRADE LIST.

THE Fifty-sixth Number of the *Shipping Gazette* was published on Saturday, and will be continued every Saturday afternoon.

Contents:—Arrivals and Departures of Shipping for the week; Imports and Exports for the week; Clearance; the Shipping Intelligence of the week, including News from the Outports, China, Port Phillip, and Manila; Ships in Harbour; Ships loading for England; Vessels expected in Sydney; the schooner *Elizabeth*; Commercial Remarks; Colonial Produce; Quantity of Spirits and Tobacco in Bond; the Wool Market; Tallow; Freights, &c.

TERMS:	£	s.	d.
One copy, per quarter	0	7	6
Two copies, ditto	0	12	0
Three copies, ditto	0	16	6
Four copies, ditto.........	1	1	0
Six copies, per annum	5	0	0

KEMP AND FAIRFAX,
Proprietors.

*** Advertisements received for the above till ten o'clock on the mornings of publication. Terms same as for the *Morning Herald*.

PRINTING BUSINESS TO BE DISPOSED OF.

AN EXTENSIVE JOBBING OFFICE, replete with every assortment of letter necessary for the colony.

Further particulars known on application to
T. TROOD.
Albion Printing Office.

Also, independent of the working material, NEW TYPES, ETC., FOR A 7 COLUMN NEWSPAPER.

which will be sold at INVOICE PRICE, comprising London-made Brevier, Long Primer, and requisite Types for Advertisements, Cross and Column Rules, Emblems, &c.

LAW PARCHMENT,
first class London, at very reduced prices.

TROOD'S SUPERIOR COPYING INK.

If not thoroughly approved of on trial will be taken back
Albion Printing Office, 113, King-street.
5364

TO CLERGYMEN, HEADS OF COLLEGES, LIBRARIES AND READING ROOMS, SCHOOLMASTERS, ARCHITECTS, AND ALL PROFESSIONAL GENTLEMEN—ALSO, ALL LOVERS OF MUSIC, THE FINE ARTS, AND GENERAL LITERATURE IN NEW SOUTH WALES.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends, patrons, and all parties forming the above classes, that he has opened at his New Rooms, so well known as the Bank of Australia Buildings a splendid collection of Books, Prints, and New Music, imported per *Royal Consort*, from that celebrated and leading Bookseller, Mr. Henry G. Bohn, which, in addition to his former importations, forms the most unique, magnificent, and useful assortment ever offered to any public, and as the advertiser will leave the colony in the course of a few weeks, he will dispose of the whole by private contract, at a cheap rate.

Catalogues will be ready for issue in a few days.

The trade supplied. A few of the Works are mentioned below

- The Coronation of King George the IVth, recently published at £260 is now offered at less than one-twentieth part of the above amount, warranted the most superb work in the colony
- Illustrated London News, 3 vols. Pictorial Times, 3 vols
- Punch, in 6 vols. Punch's Pocket Book
- Punch's Letters to his Son. Adventures of a Feather
- All Works, including School Books, relative to the General System of Education. Pictorial Bibles Prayer Books and commentaries. Pictorial Shakspeare. Waverley Novels. Shakspeare's and Hogarth's Portfolio. Snowball's Trigonometry, &c. Nautical Almanacs for 1846, 47, and 48, very cheap. A variety of Music. Works on Botany, Phrenology, and Heraldry. A variety of Novels and School Books, &c., &c., very cheap

JOHN B. EDMONDS,
5688 Bank of Australia Buildings.

NEW PUBLICATIONS, &c.
EX "ROYAL CONSORT."

PUNCH'S POCKET BOOK, for 1845
Parley's Annual, for 1845
The Wonderful Annual, for 1845
Campbell's Lives of British Admirals
The Literary World, by Timbs
Le Babillard
Illustrated News, vols. 1 to 4
Bossut's French Primer
MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT, by Dickens
Australia, from Port Macquarie to Moreton Bay, by Clement Hodgkinson
The Forget-me-not, for 1845
The Drawing-room Scrap Book, for 1845
URE'S Dictionary of Arts, Manufactures, and Mines, last edition
Pocket Books, Russia and Morocco
Skin and Metallic Memorandum Books
Ivory and other Tablets
Lithographic Studies of Heads, &c., from Julien
Address Cards, ivory and enamel
Ditto ditto, broad and narrow black bordered
Music Books, in plain and embossed bindings
Ackerman's and Reeves's Colour Boxes
Bristol Board and Drawing Paper
Envelopes, plain, gold and silver bordered, mourning and floral
Note Paper with Envelope attached
Schelesinger's Patent Letter-clips and Invoice Files

A large assortment of new Device, Motto, and Initial Wafers, in gold, silver, lace, rainbow, emblazoned, &c.

Norie's Navigation, Nautical Almanacs for 1845, 1846, and 1847. Log Books, Cargo Books, Scales, Parallel Rulers, Compasses, and all kinds of Nautical Stationery.

N.B.—An extensive assortment of Super Royal, Royal and Medium Ledgers, Cash Books, Journals, &c., from the best London Manufacturers, now selling at Prime Cost, to close accounts

Children's 6d., 1s. and 1s 6d. Toy Books, in great variety; School Books of every description generally used in the colony.

Orders for Engraving, Copper-plate and Letter press Printing, punctually executed by the best workmen in Sydney, at the reduced prices.

W. A. COLMAN, Bookseller and Stationer, (Successor to James Tegg) } 485, George-street, opposite the BARRACK GATE. 5689

THE CHEAPEST LOT OF BROADCLOTHS EVER OFFERED TO THE TRADE.
AUSTRALIAN FLEECE.
TO TAILORS,

CHARLES NEWTON (late Jonathan Thorp and Co.) has just purchased forty-five ends of West of England Broadcloths, at a considerable reduction off the English cost, which are ready for inspection this day. They consist of Blacks, Blues, and Medley colours, commencing at 9s 6d. per yard. The trade, and country buyers, will do well to inspect this lot, as they really are CHEAP. 5562

No. 117, KING-STREET EAST.

A. HORDERN takes this opportunity (in retiring from business) of thanking the public for the liberal and unprecedented support with which he has been favoured during the last eighteen years he has been in business, and begs to call the attention of his friends and customers to those two establishments conducted by his sons, one in Charlotte-place, and the other in George-street South, Brickfield hill, where he feels confident they will meet with that attention which it has always been his study to give.

N.B The Shop and Premises to let. Apply between nine and ten A.M 5199

TWEEDS.
JUST OPENED AT

PITE AND PRESTON'S, two cases of superior SCOTCH TWEEDS; these goods are of the newest patterns, and fully double the substance of the Colonial Tweeds. Gentlemen requiring an exceedingly strong article for riding will find the above superior to anything hitherto offered in tweeds. Also, a superb assortment of new and

FASHIONABLE WAISTCOATINGS.

consisting of rich shawl patterns, brocaded cachmeres, woollen velvets, cut silk velvets figured silks and Valencias. The above goods are all of the newest styles, and will be offered at such prices as will fully meet the approbation of the public.

Pite and Preston also solicit the attention of their customers to their large stock of West of England broadcloth, beavers, pilot cloth &c.

N.B.—A suit of clothes (as usual) can at all times be made to measure, with *cut, quality and workmanship* of the *first order* in *ten hours*.
Emporium 263, Pitt-street. 5595

JUST ARRIVED,

PARIS VELVET HATS, of the best quality and latest fashion, at
JOHN THOMAS'S,
London and Manchester Hat Warehouse, corner of George and Bridge streets. 5612

A L D I S,
WHOLESALE TOBACCO MERCHANT,
Sydney.

SHIPPING, and Country Store-keepers supplied with every article in the Trade 5231

MANILA CIGARS, EX "MUNFORD."

ON SALE, at the Stores of Mr. A. Moses, Bridge-street, No. 3 and No. 4 Cigars, superior to any in the colony. Samples may be seen at his Stores, Bridge-street. 5169

TO IRONMONGERS, STOREKEEPERS, BUILDERS, AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned,
427, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY,
Ex *Colombian, Eliza General Hewett, Sultana, Elizabeth,* and *other late arrivals*:—
Bar, bolt, rod, and sheet iron, all sizes
Boiler plate, 1-4, 5-16, 3-8, and 7-16 inch
Rivet iron for ditto
Hoop iron, 1 to 3 inch, and rivets
Copper, brass, and iron wire, all sizes
Sheet zinc, cake speltre
Grain and block tin
Sheet lead, shot, and bullets
Tin plates, IC, IX, IXX, IXXX, SDX, SDXX, GX, DXX
Sporting and large grain blasting powder
Single and double percussion guns and pistols
Stockholm tar, Swedish pitch
Black and yellow resin
'*Foster's*' best ribbed spades and shovels
Ewbank's patent wrought nails, 1½ to 4½ inches
Hurdle and horse nails, brads and tacks
Locks, bolts, hinges, screws, &c.
Chisels, gouges, and carpenter's tools
Bench and moulding planes
Coopers' jointer planes
Tenon, hand, crosscut, frame, and pit saw files
Shoe and horse rasps, and smith's files, all sizes
Sets balanced ivory and black handle knives and forks
Ivory knives only, pocket knives and scissors
Butcher's and shoe knives, garden shears
Wilkinson's warranted sheep shears
British plate, plated and Britannia metal goods
Register, elliptic, and cottage stoves
Kitchen ranges, with ovens and boilers
Fenders fire irons, &c.

Together with every other article usually found in an Ironmongery Store, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

R. M. ROBEY.

P.S. A liberal discount allowed to the trade. 5335

THE CHEAPEST STORE IN SYDNEY

ISAAC SIMMONS'S CITY MART,
474, GEORGE-STREET.
LIST OF PRICES:

TEAS.
Hyson-skin, best quality, £3 15s. per chest
Congou, best black tea, £3 10s.; 84 lb. nett

SUGAR.
First quality Manila sugar, in prime condition, at £23 per ton
Loaf sugar, 4½d. per lb.

TOBACCO.
The best American negrohead tobacco, warranted as fine a sample as any in the colony, at 2s. 10d. per lb., out of bond, in any quantity; and in bond, 9½d. per lb.

SALT.
Liverpool salt, by the bag or ton, £6 per ton
St. Ubes salt. ditto ditto £5 "

SOAP.
Prime English soap, 23s. per cwt., weighed out
Prime colonial soap, 24s. ditto ditto
No charge for boxes.

ALE AND PORTER.
Dunbar's ale and porter, warranted the finest sample in Sydney, at 8s. 6d. per dozen; and 8s. 3d per dozen, in quantities of 20 dozen and upwards
Port wine, good quality, at 18s. per dozen

RICE.
Good table rice, by the bag, at 2d. per lb.

LOOSE TEAS.
Best Congou, at 1s. 3d. per lb. Hyson skin, 1s. 8d. per lb. Good black tea, 1s. per lb.
With a variety of other articles, equally low. 5480

EX "ROYAL CONSORT."
NOW OPEN.—

THIRTY boxes Paris Kid Gloves
One case Lace Mitts and Gloves
One case French Merinos
One case Australians
Six cases coloured Orleans
One case black Orleans
One case Sewing Cottons.

Purchasers at this Establishment have the advantage, as in London, of buying a single piece or dozen at wholesale prices.

THOMAS PERKINS AND CO.,
5713 467, George-street.

ITALIAN GOODS.

SALAD OIL, in quarts and pints
Coleman's mustard, 1 lb. and ½ lb.
Pickles, quarts and pints
Spanish olives
Bottled fruits, all kinds
Fresh salmon, all sizes
Red herrings.

ALSO,
New muscatels
French plums
Turkey figs.

These goods are warranted of the best and newest importations. The fruits were imported into London in November last, of which importation there are no other in the colony.

ROBERT PORTER.
City Tea Warehouse, April 15. 5671

GLASS AND SLATES,
EX "ELIZABETH," FROM LIVERPOOL.

50 BOXES, each 10 x 12, 12 x 14
25 ditto, 18 x 24
5000 roofing slates, 10 x 20
4, 5, and 6 lbs. sheet lead
Sheet zinc.

ALSO,
A large quantity boiler plate, ¼, ⅜, 7-16, and ½ inch
Rivet iron for ditto
200 tons bar, bolt, and nail rod iron
5000 bundles hoop iron, from 1 to 3 inch
100 sets wheat sieves
A large quantity of Ewebank's patent batten and shingle nails, all sizes
20 boxes each tin plates, IC, IX, IXX, IXXX
A large quantity of horse-shoe crown iron
Horse nails, all sizes
Wilkinson's sheepshears, B. Y. sickles and scythes, patent and crown
A general assortment of shoemakers' grindery

Together with a large and varied stock of Ironmongery on hand, which will be sold at little more than invoice prices, to suit the times, at the Stores of

J. DONOVAN,
5392 Ironmonger, 331, George-street.

ON SALE,

AT THE STORES OF THE UNDERSIGNED—
One of Thurston's full-sized Billiard Tables, with all the latest improvements
One of Thurston's full sized round Billiard Tables
Splendid three, four, five, six motion Beer Engines
Splendid eight and ten cock Spirit Fountains
Spirit, Beer, and Ale Measures.

ALSO,
The following choice Wines—
Hock, Sauterne, Claret, Barsac, sparkling Moselle, fine old Bucellas, and Port and Sherry, in two and three dozen cases
Lime Juice, in hogsheads.

AND,
Two hundred Memel Deals, in ½ inch cuts
Force Pumps and Lead Pipe.

5541 A. AND S. LYONS.

ON SALE, by the undersigned—
Assorted bar iron
Sheet and nail ditto
Hoop iron, from 1½ to 2 inch
Sheathing copper and nails
Tin plates, IC, IX, IXX
Also, canvas woolpacks, &c., &c.

ECCLESTON AND HIRST,
5202 Queen-street.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—
"Taylor's" and "Trueman's" Porter
Mersey Ale
"Martell's" and "Henessy's" Brandy
Rum, Gin, and Wines
All of excellent quality.

ECCLESTON AND HIRST,
5201 Queen-street.

CEDAR! CEDAR!! CEDAR!!!

20,000 FEET now landing on the Union Wharf, well adapted for exportation. Apply on board as above.
April 16. 5693

FINE WOOLLED SHEEP,
IN THE COUNTY OF ROXBURGH.

6860 SHEEP, warranted clean, and never to have been diseased, for sale, with or without the following Stations, at which they are now depasturing, viz: Jews Creek, Running Stream, Bandenorah, Crown Ridge, Dalhunty's Creek, Willawa, and Coolacingel Ford.

Apply to William Hall Palmer, Esq., Kirkconnel, near Bathurst; or to

WILLIAM C. BOTTS,
4148 Wharf, Darling Harbour, Sydney.

VILLA RESIDENCE.

TO BE SOLD OR (the whole or part) LET, a Residence and five Acres of Ground, within four miles of Macquarie-place, delightfully situated, commanding extensive views of the ocean and land. The house is of stone, and in thorough substantial and ornamental repair; it contains eleven rooms, besides kitchen, laundry, store, coach-house, three-stall stable, cow-house, fowl-houses, piggeries, and many other out-buildings. Excellent water is laid on to the stable and laundry. There is a garden in good cultivation, well supplied with vines and fruit trees. Address Edward Warly, (post-paid,) *Herald* Office. 5665

TO DAIRYMEN AND OTHERS.

TO BE SOLD OR LET, a Dairy Farm of 100 acres, at Caddi Creek, in the neighbourhood of Pitt Town, having a constant supply of water at all seasons, the above creek being a branch of the Hawkesbury: 50 acres are in cultivation, and fenced into paddocks, with a good dwelling house, out-houses, &c., and has the advantage of an extensive run, known as Pitt Town Common. Apply to the proprietor, Mr. Thomas M'Kenzie, at the Queen's Head Inn, George-street, Sydney. 5678

CEDAR.

THE UNDERSIGNED is a purchaser of Cedar, of good quality, for exportation; that from Moreton Bay or the Bellinger would be preferred.

HENRY MOORE,
North Kent-street.
March 14. 4024

WOOL.

THE undersigned are Cash buyers of Wool.
SWAIN, WEBBS, AND CO.,
184 Harrington-street Church-hill

THE Undersigned are purchasers of Wool, Oil, and Tallow, or will make advances on Consignments to their Correspondents in London, Messrs. Cruikshank, Melville, and Co.
5327 R. RAMSAY, SEN., AND CO.

THE undersigned affords liberal advances, as usual, on Wool and other produce, consigned to him for sale by his correspondents, Messrs. Ellice, Kinnear, and Co., in London.

WILLIAM C. BOTTS,
Wharf, Darling Harbour.
November 22. 6969

CASH.

THE highest price given for second-hand clothes, books, linen, writing-desks, dressing-cases, guns and pistols, and miscellaneous property, by

R. M. LINDSAY,
Vine Cottage,
Kent-street, north of Erskine-street.

A note addressed, parties waited upon at their own residences. 5606

CHURCH OF ENGLAND QUARTERLY REVIEW.

THE October number of this periodical is missing from the *Sydney Morning Herald* Office. The party into whose possession it may have come, is requested to return it.

MR. GLANVILL, Solicitor, will oblige Mr. Fitzhardinge by sending him word where he can be communicated with. 5672

MR. ROGER ALDERSON.

MR. ROGER ALDERSON, lately of Liverpool, England, is requested to call on the Rev. Dr. Fullerton, Pitt-street, Sydney, and he will hear of something to his advantage, and receive a letter from his nearest relative. 5685

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c, &c.

To the next of kin of Maria Bell, late of Belmont North Richmond, in the Colony of New South Wales, widow, deceased.

GREETING:

WHEREAS it hath been represented unto our Supreme Court of New South Wales, by the Proctor of Clark Irving, a creditor of the said Maria Bell, deceased, as Official Assignee of and for the Insolvent Estate of Jacob Montefiore, Joseph Barrow Montefiore, David Rebiero Furtado, and Thomas Chaplin Breillat, lately trading in Sydney under the firm of "Montefiore, Breillat, and Company," and at Hobart Town under the firm of "Montefiore, Furtado, and Company," that the said Maria Bell, late of Belmont, North Richmond, in the Colony aforesaid, widow, departed this life on or about the eighth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, having first duly made and published her last will and testament in writing, bearing date the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one. And whereas it hath been further represented to our said Court that George Cox, of Winbourn, Mulgoa, in the Colony aforesaid, Esquire, was appointed executor of the said will, and has renounced the execution thereof; we do therefore hereby peremptorily cite you to appear personally, or by your proctor duly constituted, before our said Court, at the Court House, in King-street, Sydney, on the thirtieth day of April, instant, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, and there to abide if occasion shall require during the sitting of the said Court, and then and there to accept or refuse letters of administration with the will annexed of all and singular the goods, chattels, and credits of the said deceased, or otherwise to shew sufficient cause if you have, or know any, why the same should not be committed to the said Clark Irving, a creditor of the said deceased, as Official Assignee as aforesaid, on giving sufficient security, and further to do and receive as to law and justice shall appertain, under pain of such letters of administration being granted to the said Clark Irving, as a creditor of the said deceased, as Official Assignee as aforesaid.

Witness, the Honorable Alfred Stephen, our Chief Justice of our said Court, at Sydney, the fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1845,

G. P. F. GREGORY,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.
Robert Owen, Proctor for the said Clark Irving, as Official Assignee as aforesaid. 5677

IN THE ESTATE OF MR. THOMAS DANGAR, ST. AUBIN'S, SCONE.

THE Creditors in the above Estate are hereby requested to send in a statement of their respective accounts, accompanied with affidavits, to R. M. Pite, Pitt-street, in order that the same may be adjusted preparatory to a dividend being declared. It is necessary to notice, that unless such accounts are delivered within twenty-one days of the date hereof, they cannot under any circumstances participate in, or come under the above adjustment.

All debts due to the Estate are requested to be paid forthwith to Mr. R. M. Pite, to prevent legal proceedings, by order of the Undersigned.

MOSES JOSEPH, R. M. PITE, WALTER BEAMES. } Trustees to the above Estate.
April 15. 5660

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS IN THE ESTATE OF J. J. MOORE.

PARTIES who have proved their claims in this Estate, are particularly requested to attend a meeting, which will be held on Friday first, the 18th instant, at 3 o'clock P.M., at the Office of Messrs. Minithorpe, Gurner, and Thompson, Solicitors, No. 557, George-street.

For the Trustees,
W. BUYERS,
5675 Accountant.

IN THE ESTATE OF JOSEPH HICKEY GROSE.

CREDITORS who have proved their claims in the above Estate are informed they may receive a further dividend of one shilling and three-pence in the pound, on producing the promissory notes at my office.

JOHN MORRIS,
Official Assignee.
2/6, Elizabeth-street, April 15. 568

WANTED, a thorough English House-maid; a good character indispensable. Apply at Albion House, Miller's Point. 56

NOTICE

BEING about to proceed to England in the *General Hewett*, I beg to intimate that Mr. William J. Munce, who has had an active part in the management of my business for several years, is duly authorised to conduct the same during my absence from the colony.

WILLIAM C. BOTTS.
Sydney, 14th April. 5626

DR. WALLACE requests that all orders drawn upon him, or other outstanding claims, may be presented to Mr. Thomas Macvitie, 170, Castlereagh-street, who is also fully authorised to receive and discharge all debts due to him.
April 10. 5458

THE advertisement of the premises, No. 197, Elizabeth-street North, in the *Morning Herald* of this day, in which application is directed to be made to a Mr. Morehead, was inserted without any authority from Mr Raymond.
April 15. 5668

NOTICE.

IF Mr. Blake, of Windsor, does not fetch the chestnut horse, "Tom Thumb," which he left at my stables at livery, and pay all the expenses incured for livery and hire of gig, I shall cause the same to be sold by public auction, within seven days from this date, to defray the expenses.

WILLIAM BRINKLEY,
April 14 Kent-street, Sydney.
5551

IN THE ESTATE OF CHARLES COXEN.

THIS is to give Notice, that the right of Brand of all Horses and Cattle belonging to the Insolvent Estate of Charles Coxen, running on either side of the Liverpool Plains Ranges, and branded as under, has been purchased by the undersigned from the Trustees.

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FREDERICK EBSWORTH.
April 14 5453

NOTICE.

I HEREBY Caution the Public against giving credit to any person, especially to my wife Mary Ann Wise, on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debt or debts she may contract after this date.

ISAAC WISE.
Parramatta-street, April 15. 5614

CAUTION.

WHEREAS a black Horse, aged about 12 years, was some time since stolen from the undersigned, and the same is now in the possession of T Driscoll, Horse Dealer, Clarence-street Sydney, the Public is hereby cautioned not to purchase the said horse, and T. Driscoll is also cautioned against selling or otherwise parting with same.

H. HAMILTON.
5683 Lachlan River.

TWO POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN, on Sunday, 30th March, from the station of the undersigned, on the Macquarie River, near Wellington:

A black horse, aged seven years, about 15 hands one inch high, switch tail, off hind foot white, small star in forehead, and branded MI on the neck, has a very ugly head. Also, a new saddle and bridle, six bellied stock-whip, and pair of spurs.

By a man of the following description, viz.: About five feet five inches in height, sandy complexion, rather light hair, and long pointed nose; was dressed in moleskin trousers, waistcoat, striped shirt, and old cabbage-tree hat; about 24 years of age, and very dirty in appearance.

The above reward will be given, on recovery of the horse, and an additional reward of One Pound for the apprehension of the thief, who is supposed to have gone towards the Lachlan River.

Communications may be addressed to the Office of A. and S. Lyons, Pitt-street, or to

SAUL SAMUEL.
Wellington, April 4. 5512

TWO POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN, from Castle Hill, on Friday night last, a black Horse, 15½ hands high, seven years old, white hind feet, and star on forehead, branded J F with H over on off shoulder, and very hollow over the eye. The above Horse is supposed to be stolen by a person of the following description:—James Cochrane, holding a fourteen days' pass, native of Dublin, twenty-three years of age, about five feet eight high, rather slight made, black hair, no whiskers, sallow complexion, dark eyes, and much pockmarked; and had on when last seen a white shirt, fustian trousers, no jacket or waistcoat, and an old cabbage-tree hat, carries a stock whip, and has a dirty appearance; is now supposed to be in the neighbourhood of Goulburn. One pound will be given to any person restoring the horse, and another pound to any person who may apprehend the horse stealer, on the conviction of the said offender, by applying to

JOHN ROGAN,
Castle Hill.
April 15. 5662

STOLEN or STRAYED, from Mr. Reid's station, Hume River, the following HORSES, viz.:—One bay horse, rising three years old, branded JE on the shoulder near side, with long tail. One bright bay mare, with long switch tail, branded J—P on the shoulder near side, heavy in foal. One grey or roan mare, branded R under the mane, bang tail, with an unbranded foal by her side. One bright bay mare, branded R with ≍ over on the shoulder near side, long tail, deformed in the fetlock joints, and sometimes very lame.

Any person finding the above described horses, and delivering them to Mr. Reid, Inverary Park, Bungonia, or Mr. John Reid, Ovens River, will receive Two Pounds per head; and if stolen, a reward of Twenty Pounds will be given on the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties concerned. All parties are cautioned against purchasing any of the above described horses.

DAVID REID.
Inverary Park, Bungonia,
March 30. 4944

MONEY.—£800 AND £2000.

REQUIRED, £800 to be the only charge on a first-rate Dairy Farm, of 1000 acres of land, not far from Sydney, producing £100 per annum, on lease for 3 years. Interest, ten per cent.

Required, £2000, to be secured on a most valuable residence, near Sydney, and 100 acres of land attached. Interest, eight per cent.

Reference to me, at my office, 388, George-street, where full particulars will be given on application.
5694 JOHN RYAN BRENAN.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

APRIL 15.—*Maitland*, steamer, 103 tons, Captain Parsons, from Port Macquarie. Passengers—Mr. A. Solway, Dr. Robertson, Mr. Sandeman, Mr. Macdonald, Mr. Cory, Mr. and Miss Watson, Mr. Hayley, Miss Gleeson, and five in the steerage.

April 15.—*Sovereign*, steamer, 119 tons, Captain Griffin, from Moreton Bay, the 12th instant. Passengers—Mr. Gaskell, Mr. Hibberson, Mr. Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. Schmedt, and ten in the steerage.

DEPARTURE.

April 15. — *Success*, schooner, Captain Bromley, for the Bluff, New Zealand. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Stirling, Mrs. Bromley, Mr. James Kelly, Mr. Christian M[illegible], Mr. W. Clark, Mr. James Brown, and Mr. Oliver Roe.

IMPORTS.

ERRATA.—An error having occurred in yesterday's *Herald* with regard to the consignees for some of the cargo per *Caledonia*, we have republished it: April 14.—*Caledonia*, barque, 405 tons, Captain Hauxwell, from London: 89 cases oilmen's stores, 480 bundles hoop iron, 100 barrels, 64 casks, 100 cans, 45 bales, 20 half-hogsheads vinegar, 32 coils rope, 123 cases 150 bags and 200 bushels salt, 9 hogsheads, 100 barrels, J. T. Armitage and Co; 3 cases books, 1 case eau de Cologne, 1 case snuff, 1 case figures, 2 cases bells, 2 cases type, 1 case printer's ink, 12 cases paper, 2 cases pasteboard, 1 case leather, 1 case varnish, 1 printing press, 5 cases sundries, 3 cases apparel, 1 case perfumery, 1 case hats, 1 case artificial flowers, 2 cases apparel and books, Rochea and Dubreul; 14 bales and 4 cases British goods, Thomas Smith and Co.; 155 boxes crown glass, 166 casks bottled beer, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 2 bales cottons, P. Favince; 2 bales woollens, Thomes Broughton; 200 cases Geneva, 8 bales 9 cases slops, 4 bales cottons, 19 casks 3 cases hardware, 2 bales woollens, 1 box millinery, Cooper and Holt; 1 box, R. Owen; 3 cases figs, 3 cases French plums, 1 case 3 bales paper, Robert Porter; 30 tierces refined sugar, 88 casks bottled beer, 6 hogsheads brandy, Smith and Campbell; 6 bales, Rowand, Macnab, and Co.; 5 bales, 30 barrels, 100 hogsheads beer, 3 cases, 1 jar, 1 carboy, 19 barrels, 1 hogshead, 1 cask, 1 hamper, 20 hogsheads Geneva, John Rostron; 1 case apparel, W. Walker and Co.; 18 butts, 3 coils, B. Boyd and Co.; 1 cask, R. Garnham; 1 case, H. Sanderson; 1 case bottled beer, W. S. Deloitte; 50 hogsheads porter, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 6 cases, 2 bales, Melville and Lambert; 1 case silks, 2 bales woollens, Tom Ray; 1 case, W. C. Botts; 1 case, Manager of Union Bank; 5 cases 3 bales, Moses Josephs; 1 bale, 13 packages raisins, 5 caroteels currants, J. Montefiore; 8 bales sacking, 1 bale twine, 10 bales sacks, 7 casks, 1 hogshead sherry, 1 case shoes, 2 casks rum, 1 cask arrack, 1 cask brandy, 2 casks canary seed. Order.

PORT PHILLIP.

CLEARED OUT.—April 4. *William Wise*, brig, for London. Passengers — Mr. Henry Thomas, and Mr. Henry Fowler. Cargo—995 bales wool, 121 bags wheat, 1 case specimens, and 75 tons 8 cwt. copper ore (the latter article shipped at Adelaide).—5 *Vixen*, barque, for London. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Vauter, child, and servant, Messrs. A. J. Learmonth, John Franklin Learmonth, Andrew Forlonge, and Henry Dwyer. Cargo—1067 bales wool, 28 casks tallow, 3 casks gum, 260 hides, 12 casks bones, 73 logs red gum timber, 11 casks preserved meats, 2 puncheons sperm head matter, 20 tons bark, 4½ tons scraps of iron, 1 case (a carriage), 1 case curiosities, 1 cask (a salting machine).

The *Swan* saw the *Indian*, from London, going into Launceston, and spoke the barque *Heroine* going up the river Tamar, from this port.—*Port Phillip Patriot, April 7.*

The cargo of the *Sovereign*, from Moreton Bay, consists of 63 casks tallow, 112 hides, and 30 bales of wool. The *Avenger* left Moreton Bay for Sydney, on the 11th instant; and the schooner *Jane*, from Sydney, arrived there on the 12th.

The barque *Lindsays* having recently returned from a successful whaling voyage, the captain, officers, and crew subscribed the sum of £10 10s., which they handed over to the Chaplain of the Bethel Union, towards the support of that institution. It is not often that we are enabled to record such praiseworthy acts.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR THIS DAY.

April.		SUN, rises	SUN, sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even
16	WEDNESDAY	6 25	5 35	4 6	4 30

Moon—Full, April 22, 16m past 5, P. M.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1845.

"*Sworn to no master, of no sect am I.*"

THE SYDNEY IMFIRMARY.

WE understand that the charges originally brought against Dr. M'CRAE, then one of the candidates for the office of Surgeon to the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary, and published some weeks ago in the *Morning Chronicle*, were, after his election, brought under the notice of the General Committee, with an intimation on the part of those who did so that they would be no longer connected with an Institution which numbered that gentleman among its Medical Officers. A Sub-Committee was thereupon appointed to investigate the whole matter, consisting of ALEXANDER M'LEAY, Esq., the Revs. R. ALLWOOD, Dr. M'GARVIE, and Dr. ROSS, along with Messrs. HYNDES and BOWDEN; and we are now happy to announce that these gentlemen, after a long and patient enquiry, have reported that "they are unanimously and decidedly of opinion that nothing has been proved against Dr. M'CRAE at all calculated to injure his character as a husband and a parent; or to justify the members of this Institution in withdrawing their confidence from him as a man of honour, or as one of its Medical Officers. On the contrary, that they believe him to be *innocent of all the charges* that have been brought against him."

Nothing can be more satisfactory than such a report; and we do hope that it will shut for ever the voice of calumny against a gentleman whose character is unstained, and whose professional attainments are likely to render him eminently useful to the sick poor; as well as an ornament of the Institution with which he is connected.

TRADE WITH CHINA.

ALTHOUGH the number of sheep likely to be exported from this colony to China for slaughter is but small, we are confident the graziers and mercantile men of Sydney will feel much gratified at reading the letter of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of Hongkong, to Sir GEORGE GIPPS, which appears in another part of this morning's paper. As our trade with China will increase as an European population becomes settled on the numerous isles of the Pacific, for which Sydney is by nature formed to be the entrepôt, there will be more ships laid on for China direct, all of which will find it profitable to carry sheep, even when mutton is reduced from thirty to eight pence a pound, so that there may gradually spring up a trade, which, in these days of small things, will be worth attending to.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

EQUITY JURISDICTION.

BEFORE His Honor Mr Justice A'BECKETT.

M'LAUGHLIN v. LITTLE AND ANOTHER.

In this case a motion was made, on behalf of the defendants, that the minutes of the decree might be rectified, and stand as set out in the defendants' notice of motion. Two points were raised by the plaintiff, by way of preliminary objections:—First, that the cause was improperly entitled; and, secondly, that the subject matter of the notice could only be brought before the Court by petition. The only papers brought before me by the parties on the motion, were the notice and affidavit of service, each of which is headed "between Bernard M'Laughlin, plaintiff, and John Little and Elizabeth M'Laughlin, defendants." Two certificates were handed me by the Master, one being headed in the same cause, and certifying that the solicitors of both parties had attended on the 21st December, and the 2nd and 22nd January last, to settle the minutes, but could not agree. The other is to the effect, that there is a suit pending in this Court, wherein Bernard M'Laughlin, *on behalf of himself and all other the creditors of Bridget Maguire, otherwise Bridget M'Laughlin, deceased*, is plaintiff, and J. Little and E. M'Laughlin defendants, and that there is *no other suit depending therein, wherein Bernard M'Laughlin is plaintiff, and John Little and E. M'Laughlin are defendants.* The minutes, as drawn by the Master, were also produced to me by him, headed, "In a cause between Bernard M'Laughlin, plaintiff, and John Little and Elizabeth M'Laughlin, defendants."

The question is, whether the present notice, and affidavit in support of it, sufficiently describe the *title* of the cause; and I am of opinion that they do. The cases of parties suing as executors, or chairmen of companies, do not apply. There, to describe the plaintiff by his own name only, would amount to an alteration of the character in which he sued. But the character of the plaintiff in this case is not altered by the fact that he is instituting a suit for the benefit of others as well as himself. He, and he only, is the plaintiff; and indeed, until decree, has in that character the whole control of the suit. "A plaintiff," says the Vice-Chancellor, in Handford v. Storie, 2 S. and S. 198, "who "sues on behalf of himself and all other persons "of the same class, as he acts upon his own mere "motion, and at his own expense, retains the "absolute dominion of the suit until the decree, "and may dismiss the bill at his pleasure. After "a decree he cannot, by his conduct, deprive "other persons of the same class of the benefit of "the decree, if they think fit to prosecute it. "The reason of the distinction is, that "before decree no other person of the class is "bound to rely upon the diligence of him who "has first instituted his suit, but may file a bill "of his own; and that, after a decree, no second "suit is permitted." It is not, therefore, until the decree is made, that the other creditors become parties to the suit, and their taking the benefit of the decree, it would seem, is not dependent upon the statement of the plaintiff in his bill, that he sues on their behalf; for it was held in Hamilton v. Houghton 2 Bligh, 189, that on a bill by a creditor under a trust deed for payment of debts—as this is—*whether on behalf of himself or others or not*, the decree should provide, not merely for the payment of the plaintiff, but of all other creditors. This shows that the provisions for other creditors in cases like the present, spring rather from the nature of the suit, than from the character of the suitor;—it confers on him no title, nor in any way affects his position, but is merely the consequence of his suit, or rather of the Decree for which he asks—whether, (as in the case just cited) "on behalf of himself and others, or not." For these reasons I think the case is rightly headed, though I do not say, that it would have been unusual, or objectionably technical, to have added to his description as plaintiff, the statement which is made in the bill, of his suing on behalf of other creditors as well as himself.

This brings me to the second objection, that the rectification of the Decree, made in this case cannot be ordered on motion. It was laid down, broadly, by Mr. Donnelly and Mr. Michie for defendants, that no Decree could be varied or rectified on *motion*, except by consent; but must be by Petition. For this they cited an ancient order, refered to in the 1st vol. of Smith's Ch. P. p. 421, Grey v. Dickenson 4 Mad. 464, and Brown v. Sansom, 9 Price 479. Mr. Gordon, for the plaintiff relied on the practice as laid down in Smith, Grant, and Daniel, that such an application might be made by motion, and on George v. Howard, 7 Price, 661.

I have looked very fully into the authorities upon the point, and the conclusion which I draw from them is this; *first*, that, though in strictness, a Petition is the proper mode of varying or altering the minutes of a Decree; the practice has been relaxed in favour of Motions where they are by consent, or where, though opposed the alteration sought, is matter of mere clerical form, or a usual direction for carrying out the Decree. *Secondly*, that substantial additions may be made to a decree with consent, except where new directions (not necessarily part of the original decree) are required upon a corrected fact, although the application be by Petition. 3rdly. That after the decree is passed and entered, a mere clerical error may be corrected, on motion, if made by consent; and that after Inrolment, an error apparent upon the face of the decree may be corrected, even though opposed. The authorities in support of the first conclusion are Wallis v Thomas, Pickard v. Mattheson, 7 Ves. 293-4; Newhouse v. Mitford, Lane v. Hobbs, 12 Ves. 458; Webber v. Hunt, 11 Mad. 13, and Punderson v. Dixon, 5 Mad. 121; the second is supported by Skynnsher v. Northcote, 1 Sw. 573, Willis v. Parkeman, 3 Sw. 234, Brackenbury v. Brackenbury, 2 I. and W. 391, and Buckfield v. Bradley, 2 S. and St. 64; the third by Weston v. Haggerston Coo[illegible]: 134, and Tomlinson v. Palk, 1 Russ. 475.

The only case which seems to conflict with these authorities is, that cited by M'Donnelly of Grey v. Dickenson, of which the report is simply as follows:—"Mr. Belt moved to rectify an "omission in a decree, but the Vice Chancellor "stated, it was a general rule that applications of "that nature should be made by petition, in order "that the Court might have before it all "the proceedings in the cause" Now the nature of the omission asked to be rectified does not appear, nor whether the motion was made by consent or not; and the Vice Chancellor's language, therefore, merely amounts to a recognition of the general rule, in a case which does not appear to have been brought within any of the acknowledged classes of exceptions to such general rule.

The cases which I have cited to show that such exceptions exist, were all in Chancery, but the practice of the Exchequer appears to be the same. Mr. Donelly cited Brown v. Sansome, 9 Price, 479, but that case amounts to no more than is laid down in Grey v. Dickenson. A motion was made to vary the minutes, and on its being opposed, the Lord Chief Baron said, "what is now asked cannot in any case be done on motion." But *what* was asked does not appear; it may be, and probably was, that something was asked which, (consistently with those cases allowing alterations on motion) could not in any case be done on motion. On the very next page of the same volume, there is a case of Stuart v. Greenall and others, in which it is clear that a *motion* to make a correction in a decree would have been granted, if the omitted matter had formed part of the usual directions of the particular decree. In the case cited by Mr. Gordon from 7 Price, 661, a motion was made to add to the decree, and, although opposed, it was granted. Lutin v. Lightbody, 8 Price, 606, is a case where the practice of granting such orders on motion was recognised, but a new direction (which amounted to a substantial addition) being asked for and being opposed, it was refused. The practice, however, is distinctly adopted in Davies v. Morris, 13 Price, 766, where the full Court, on a motion to vary the minutes, allowed it to be done, notwithstanding the case of Brown v. Sansome, which was ineffectually cited by the opposing counsel. It is unnecessary to refer to the Irish cases; there is a very recent one, however, of Tilson v. Lander 2 Drury and Warren, 285, from which it would seem, that in the Equity Courts there, the distinction between alterations which may be made in decrees by motion, and alterations which may be made by petition, are similar to those acted upon in the English Courts.

I have gone thus fully into the authorities, not only in reference to the present question, but for the purpose of showing my view of the practice, as regards the alteration of decree in general; for it is not very clearly laid down in the books cited on the argument. The best exposition of it is to be found in Mr. Maddock's work, 2 vol, 2nd edition, page 486. As to the present motion, all I now decide is, that the preliminary objection that no rectification of a deed can be made on motion, except by consent, must be overruled. Whether the rectification now sought is one of that nature which can be made upon motion, it will be for Mr. Gordon to show. The argument upon the motion must therefore proceed.

The Court was afterwards employed till four o'clock, P.M., hearing the argument on a demurrer in the suit of Warland v. Brodie; after which His HONOR reserved the case for consideration.

In Norton and another v. Walker and others, a formal motion was made by Mr. DONELLY on behalf of the plaintiffs, for the appointment of an executor, under a will which had become necessary in consequence of the mortgage of the property devised in the will referred to. The motion was consented to by Messrs. MICHIE, BROADHURST, and FISHER, who appeared for the defendants. The necessary papers were afterwards put in and proved. The application was then granted as made, subject to the question of costs, which by the consent of all parties stands over till next Court day for discussion.

IN RE ANN WESTON, ON PETITION.

A motion of course for the appointment of the infant, a co-trustee, to enable the administratrix to convey certain property to Hogue, the petitioner, was also granted as applied for, and the Court adjourned at five P.M. till Saturday week.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

TUESDAY.

BEFORE His Honor Mr. Justice DICKINSON.

CHARGE OF ASSAULT AND HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Aaron Gainsborg was placed at the bar, charged with having, on the 9th March, 1845, assaulted one Henry Wineberg on the Parramatta Road, and then and there put him in bodily fear, and robbed him of a watch and chain, value £5; another count charged the assault alone.

The prisoner, who appeared from on bail was defended by Mr. PUREFOY.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL said, that the prisoner stood charged with highway robbery; stealing a watch and chain from the person of a man named Wineberg. It appeared that there had been some ill feeling between the parties, and they met on the Parramatta Road, and a scuffle ensued between them. It would be for them to determine whether the prisoner stole the watch, or, indeed, contemplated robbery at all. If they should be of opinion that he did not, it would be still open to them to find him guilty of the assault. The principal witness would be Wineberg, who received some severe blows, from the effect of which he had been for some time suffering severely: the effects were such, that he might not, perhaps, be able to give his evidence very clearly, but the Jury would have other evidence also.

Robert Porter, ostler at the "Governor Bourke's Statue" public-house, on the Parramatta Road, deposed that on Sunday morning, the 9th March, shortly after 10 o'clock, Wineberg, the prosecutor, came to the house on horseback; he dismounted and went into the house to light his pipe or cigar while witness held his horse; he came out again, and witness turned his horse for him to remount, but Wineberg said "I am not going just yet." At the moment, Gainsborg, the prisoner, came up, on horseback also; witness turned to take the horse's rein, and on turning his head again, he saw the prisoner and Wineberg rolling on the ground together; he saw no blows struck, but heard Gainsborg cry out "take him off;" he went to endeavour to do so; Gainsborg was under Wineberg; they were so firmly locked that witness could not part them; two bullock drivers came up and assisted them, and they were parted; both were bleeding from the face and head. Constable Billet came up and ordered Gainsborg to go off or he would put him in the watch-house; Gainsborg immediately mounted and galloped off; Wineberg was taken into the house and washed; he remained there a quarter of an hour or twenty minutes, and then he rode off also.

On cross-examination the witness adhered to the same statement; he saw no blows struck; the men were rolling on the ground in a moment after he took hold of the rein of Gainsborg's horse; it was the prisoner Gainsborg who cried out for assistance; Wineberg must have heard Gainsborg coming up when he said "I am not going yet."

Henry Billett, constable on the Parramatta Road, deposed that hearing cries for assistance, he came up to where the prisoner and Wineberg were struggling on the ground; they were just separated as he got up; both appeared to be bleeding; the prisoner Gainsborg was in a stooping position, and Wineberg, the prosecutor kicked at his face; whether the kick took effect or not witness could not say; both the prosecutor and the prisoner appeared excited; but the prosecutor more so than the prisoner; and in consequence witness ordered the prisoner off; he took Wineberg into the house and washed his face and head; he was bleeding from the nose and mouth, and from the back of the head; witness did not see any severe wound; the bleeding soon stopped. After about twenty minutes Wineberg mounted his horse and gallopped off, apparently not much the worse; when he went away he had a metal chain round his neck, and witness saw what appeared to be a watch, from the form, in his waistcoat pocket.

On cross-examination the witness stated that he was quite sure that the chain was around Wineberg's neck when he went away.

On being asked by the Jury, he said that both the prosecutor and the prisoner were sober, but much excited, and Wineberg more so than the other.

Henry Wineberg was called, and appeared in the box with a woe-begone countenance; his head shaved and tied in a white kerchief. He took the oath administered to him, but there was no possibility of obtaining any answer to any question put to him. "I don't remember," "I believe," and "my head is too bad," were all the answers that could be obtained.

—— Houston, surgeon, was called, and deposed: That he had been in attendance upon the witness from the 19th of March to Saturday last, since which day he had not seen him. The witness had complained of head ache and pain in the side; he (surgeon Houston) had ordered his head to be shaved, which was done; he had been told that Wineberg had received a blow, but he could not discover any marks of violence. On Saturday, when he last saw Wineberg, he appeared calm and capable of giving evidence.

By Mr. PUREFOY: Wineberg had spoken to him about the trial, and had asked for a certificate that he was unable to attend; about the middle of last week he called on Dr. Fullerton to consult with him on Wineberg's case, he did not feel himself justified in giving a certificate such as required; he would not take upon himself to swear that the witness was now feigning.

Robert Porter Welch, surgeon, deposed that he was called to see the prosecutor, Wineberg, on Saturday; he found him in a state of violent excitement—so violent as not to be restrained without coercive measures; he ordered his head to be shaved; he had not found any marks of injury; he believed the man's mind to be affected; he did not consider him in a fit state to give evidence; he did not consider him a responsible agent.

After some consultation, the ATTORNEY-GENERAL determined to proceed with the examination of Wineberg, but it was of no avail. He did not remember having gone to the Attorney-General's Office, or to having instructed Mr. Nichols to retain Mr. Windeyer for the prosecution.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL said, that whatever the cause or motive, the witness could not, or would not answer questions, and he must therefore abandon the prosecution.

Mr. PUREFOY wished to call a witness to show that the prisoner was feigning.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL objected, as there were other courses open to the prisoner, if the prosecutor had perjured himself, or had instituted a malicious prosecution.

The prisoner was discharged.

[It is a remarkable fact, that although Wineberg required the utmost assistance to enable him to get out of his room into a cab, and so forth, and a chair to sit on in the box, the decision had no sooner been come to than he was speedily out of Court; forgot the cab that was waiting for him, and was on the road and out of sight before the prisoner was out of the dock.]

CHARGE OF STEALING FROM THE PERSON.

John Conlan was placed at the bar, and charged with assaulting one Michael Mooney, and taking from his person 35s.

The man Mooney swore that on the 27th December, 1844, between 12 and 1 o'clock at night, he was knocked down in Kent-street, and robbed of 35s.; he did not see the person who struck the blow.

A woman named Anne Richards, who had seen the assault, and had sworn to the identity of the prisoner, was called, but did not appear. It came out that she had been under sentence in the gaol, and had been discharged in the morning, the officers of the gaol not being aware that she was subpœnaed.

The case accordingly fell to the ground, and the prisoner was discharged.

BURGLARY.

Joseph Goulding, Charles Maher, and *James Hamilton*, were indicted for having on the 4th January last, burglariously entered the house of one Robert Hynand, at Concord, and puts the inhabitants in bodily fear, and stolen therefrom 9s. in silver, sundry silver spoons, a gun, and other property.

The case occupied a great deal of time, the principal witnesses being Robert Tudor, a principal in the robbery, but admitted as an approver, and Mary Palmer, in whose house the robbery was "put up," and where Maher and Hamilton were taken and some of the property found, also admitted an approver. It appeared that the prisoners went at night in a boat to Hynand's house; the family were at tea or supper; the approvers, Tudor and Hamilton, went inside, others remained outside, and the robbery was effected. They were disappointed, as they expected to find a large booty, they returned to Palmer's house, Hamilton had himself made some statements before committal; but as he did not appear to adhere to the truth, he was not admitted an approver.

The prisoners were found guilty, and remanded for sentence.

[These form a part of the Miller's Point gang, and there are several other charges against them.]

Court adjourned at half-past five o'clock, to ten this day.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENCY PROCEEDINGS.

TUESDAY.

BEFORE the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

In the estate of James Whitehead, a single meeting was held, but no claims were proved.

In the estate of Samuel Ford Baylis, a special meeting was held to receive an offer of composition, when 5s. in the pound, payable by equal instalments of 2s. 6d., at three and six months, was accepted.

MEETINGS FOR TO-DAY.

John James Martyr, a special meeting, at half-past ten o'clock.

Henry Wm. Whittington, an adjourned single meeting, for examination, at two.

There are no meetings fixed for to-morrow.

APPLICATIONS OF INSOLVENTS FOR CERTIFICATES OF DISCHARGE.

The following is a list of all the applications for certificates of discharge, notified in the *Government Gazette*, containing the dates when the applications were notified, and when they are to be made to the Chief Commissioner:—

Name of Applicant.	Date of Application.	When Application is to be made.
William M'Niece	March 7.	April 17
George Coles Milne	March 11.	April 24
Joseph Pritchard	March 15.	April 24
Charles D. Street	March 20.	April 24
Joseph Brown	March 20.	April 24
Edward Gates	March 20.	April 24
Hercules Watt	March 21.	April 24
William Arthur Marshall	March 22.	April 24
Robert Russell	Jan. 14.	May 1
John Waite	March 19.	May 1
Peter Joseph Duffy	March 24.	May 1
Charles Vavasour Earle	March 24.	May 1
Jules A. Vaillant	March 27.	May 8
John Loveridge	April 3.	May 8
George Rowley	April 2.	May 8
Owen M'Mahon	April 5.	May 8
Thomas Woodhouse	April 7.	May 8
Arthur Joseph Maister	April 5.	May 8
Thomas Plows	April 4.	May 15
Martin Dewin Cooper	April 4.	May 15
Charles Weavers	April 9.	May 15
Jordan Sparks	April 9.	May 15
Kenneth Munro	April 9.	May 15
James Ferguson	April 9.	May 15
William Matthew	April 9.	May 15
Lawrence Foley	April 9.	May 15
Quinten Valentine Swift	April 10.	May 22
Joseph Howard	April 11.	May 27

SEQUESTRATION.—Yesterday, the estate of Thomas Braidwood Wilson, of Braidwood, late a farmer and grazier, but now deceased, was placed under sequestration, on the petition of Edward Thompson, of Braidwood, executor to the said estate: no schedule filed. Clark Irving, Official Assignee.

INSOLVENCY BUSINESS.—The Supreme Court will sit at eleven o'clock this day, to dispose of such insolvency business as may be brought before it

THE MARKET WHARF.

(From yesterday's Government Gazette.)

ALLEN, MAYOR.

A bye-law to amend the bye-law for regulating the traffic on the Market Wharf, in the city of Sydney.

WHEREAS, on the first day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, a certain bye-law was made and passed by the Council of the city of Sydney, in Council assembled, for regulating the traffic on the Market Wharf, in the city of Sydney; and whereas by a certain Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of the colony of New South Wales, passed in the sixth year of the reign of her present Majesty, and intituled "An Act to declare the town of Sydney to be a city, and to incorporate the inhabitants thereof," it is amongst other things enacted, that it should be lawful for the said Council of the said city, to make, publish, alter, modify, amend, or repeal, such bye-laws or regulations as to them should seem meet, for the purposes and in the manner therein mentioned: And whereas it is necessary to repeal certain portions of the hereinbefore mentioned bye-law, and substitute other provisions in lieu thereof: Be it therefore ordered, declared, and enacted, by the Council of the said city, in Council assembled, as follows:—

1. That from and after the coming of this bye-law into force, as much of the said bye-law as empowers a charge of one penny per bushel or basket on fruit, green or dried, on landing at the Market Wharf, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed

2. That in addition to the fees named in the schedule to the before mentioned bye-law appended, the fees in the schedule annexed hereto, shall be paid at the said wharf, to the wharfinger appointed by the Council of the said city, who shall be authorised to receive the same: Provided that no charge shall be made for manure or fruit.

Passed the Council of the city of Sydney the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, when twenty members were present, being upwards of two-thirds of the whole number of the Council.

GEORGE ALLEN, Mayor.

Schedule referred to.

Scale of fees to be paid for landing produce at the Market Wharf in Sydney.

	s.	d.
Salt, per ton	0	6
Coals, per ton	0	2
All unenumerated articles, per cart load	1	0

SHEEP OR CATTLE FOR HONG KONG.

(From yesterday's Government Gazette.)

COLONIAL Secretary's Office, Sydney, 10th April, 1845. His Excellency the Governor has directed the publication for general information, of the following letter, dated 10th December, 1844, from His Excellency the Governor of Hong Kong, respecting the introduction of sheep or cattle for that island:—

Government House, Victoria,
Hong Kong, 10th December, 1844.

(No. 449.)

Sir,—I shall feel much obliged by your Excellency having the goodness to make publicly known within the Australian colonies, that the Government of Hong Kong will grant the right of pasturing, (free of rent), to any fit person who may be desirous of introducing Sheep or Cattle into the island, where the price of mutton in the market is, at present, half a dollar a pound. No period will be fixed for any particular tenancy; but the tenant will have twelve months' notice before being required to remove.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
J. J. DAVIS.

His Excellency Sir George Gipps,
&c., &c., &c.

METEOROLOGY.

(Compiled expressly for the Sydney Morning Herald.)

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT, SOUTH HEAD, FROM 8TH TO 14TH APRIL, 1845.

DATE.	MOON'S AGE.	BAROMETER. 8½ A.M.	BAROMETER. 2½ P.M.	BAROMETER. SUNSET.	BAROMETER. 9 P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 8½ A.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 8½ A.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	WET THERM. AT 2½ P.M.	RAIN FALLEN.	WINDS.
TUESDAY 8	2	30·195	30·181	30·166	30·186	64	65	65	64	64	69	63	59	64	0·062	S.E. by S., S.E., S.E. by E.
WEDNESDAY 9	3	30·142	30·082	30·041	30·026	63	68	66	66	60	71	64	59	65	......	S.W. by W., S.E. by E., N.E., N.N.E.
THURSDAY 10	4	29·882	29·750	29·732	29·741	64	68	67	66	64	70	66	63	65	......	N.W. by W., N.E., N.E. by N., S.W.
FRIDAY 11	5	29·804	29·822	29·862	29·891	62	65	64	63	61	66	61	56	57	......	S.W. by W., S.E., S.W.
SATURDAY 12	6	29·952	29·990	30·007	30·048	58	65	64	63	57	66	61	56	59	......	S.W. by W., S.E., S.E. by S.
SUNDAY 13	7	30·141	30·111	30·106	30·122	60	66	66	65	56	68	64	64	62	......	W.S.W., E.S.E., and calm.
MONDAY 14	8	30·158	30·106	30·094	30·110	66	69	67	68	65	71	64	63	64	......	(W.S.W., S.E., S.E. by E. (W. by S., calm.)

GENERAL REMARKS.

TUESDAY, 8.—Fresh south-easterly wind, and cloudy all day; some flying showers in the morning, and toward sundown. Evening, wind died away, and sky cleared.

WEDNESDAY, 9.—Light south-westerly airs morning, shifted A.M. to south-east, and P.M. north-easterly, with gentle to moderate breezes. Bright fine day, lightly clouded latter part. Night cloudless.

THURSDAY, 10.—Calm (north-west-west) lovely morning; beautifully clear weather all day: afternoon fresh north-easterly breezes. Night clear starlight, much lightning in south-east east, and an unusual number of meteors were seen. Wind got south-westerly early night.

FRIDAY, 11.—Moderate and cool south-west wind early morning; subsequently gentle south-easterly breezes through the day. Bright cloudless atmosphere throughout day and night.

SATURDAY, 12.—Fine clear weather, pleasant light breezes from south-westward until about ten o'clock, A.M; afterward south-easterly. Night calm and bright.

SUNDAY, 13—Continued delightful weather; clear atmosphere day and night. Fore part pleasant light breezes. Afternoon light airs and calm.

MONDAY, 14.—A very lovely day, very gentle airs and calms; sky entirely cloudless, but hazy throughout western horizon. Night calm and cloudless sky; a very heavy dew deposited all through the night.

SYDNEY DISPENSARY.

(From yesterday's Government Gazette.)

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir George Gipps, Knight, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the territory of New South Wales and its dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS by an Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act for the Government of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land," it is amongst other things enacted, that the Governor of New South Wales, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, by the said Act constituted, shall have authority to make laws for the peace, welfare, and good government of the said colony; and that every Bill which has been passed by the said Council, and also every law proposed by the Governor, which shall have been passed by the said Council, whether with or without amendments, shall be presented for Her Majesty's assent to the Governor of the said colony, and the Governor shall declare according to his discretion, but subject nevertheless to the provisions contained in the said recited Act, and to such instructions as may from time to time be given in that behalf by Her Majesty, her heirs, or successors, that he assents to such Bill in Her Majesty's name, or that he withholds Her Majesty's assent, or that he reserves such Bill for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon; and it is thereby further enacted, that no Bill which shall be so reserved for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon, shall have any force or authority within the colony of New South Wales, until the Governor of the said colony shall signify, either by speech or message to the Legislative Council of the said colony, or by proclamation in the *New South Wales Government Gazette*, that such Bill has been laid before Her Majesty in Council, and that Her Majesty has been pleased to assent to the same; and further, that no Bill which shall be so reserved as aforesaid, shall have any force or authority in the said colony, unless Her Majesty's assent thereto shall be so signified as aforesaid, within the space of two years from the day on which such Bill shall have been presented for Her Majesty's assent to the Governor, as aforesaid; and whereas the said Legislative Council did, in the month of November, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, pass a Bill, intituled, "An Act to enable the Members of a certain Institution in the Colony of New South Wales, denominated the 'Sydney Dispensary,' to sue and be sued in the name of the Treasurer for the time being, and for other purposes therein mentioned," which Bill was, agreeably to the provisions of the above recited Act, reserved for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon: Now therefore I, Sir George Gipps, as such Governor aforesaid, do, by this my proclamation, signify and declare, that the Right Honorable Lord Stanley, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has transmitted to me an order made by Her Majesty in Council, confirming, ratifying, and finally enacting the said Act, which will take effect accordingly from the date hereof.

Given under my hand and seal, at Government House, Sydney, this fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and in the eighth year of Her Majesty's reign.

(L. S.) GEORGE GIPPS.

God save the Queen!

At the Court at Windsor, the 8th of Novem 1844.

PRESENT:—
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Albert.
Lord Steward.
Lord Chamberlain.
Lord Granville Somerset.
Sir Robert Peel, Bart.
Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer.
Sir James Graham.
Mr. Gladstone.

Whereas the Legislative Council of Her Majesty's colony of New South Wales, did, in the month of November, 1843, pass a Bill which has been reserved by the Governor of the said colony for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure, and has been transmitted, entitled as follows, viz.:—

"An Act to enable the Members of a certain Institution in the colony of New South Wales, denominated 'The Sydney Dispensary,' to sue and be sued in the name of the Treasurer for the time being, and for other purposes therein mentioned."

And whereas, the said Act has been referred to the Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to trade and foreign plantations; and the said Committee have reported as their opinion to Her Majesty, that the said Act should receive Her Majesty's special confirmation:—Her Majesty was thereupon this day pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare Her special confirmation of the said Act, and the same is hereby specially confirmed, ratified, and finally enacted accordingly; whereof the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief, for the time being of Her Majesty's colony of New South Wales, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

C. C. GREVILLE.

PORT PHILLIP STATISTICS.

(From the Port Phillip Gazette.)

WE have been at considerable trouble in compiling the following interesting Return of the number of acres in cultivation on Crown Lands: the number of males and females residing on the various stations, distinguishing the free from bond: amount of assessment on stock: the number of horses, cattle, and sheep depasturing on Crown Lands. This Return, it is to be understood, has no reference to acres in cultivation,—residents on private property, or stock depasturing thereon:—

MURRAY DISTRICT.

W. H. W. Smythe, Esq., Commissioner,

Acres in cultivation	993½
Horses	1,171
Cattle	45,520
Sheep	155,214

Amount of assessment, £622 9s. 9d.; population—males, free 480, bond 88; females, free 140, bond 1. Total, 639.

GIPPS LAND.

Charles J. Tyrers, Esq., Commissioner.

Acres in cultivation	238
Horses	507
Cattle	23,879
Sheep	66,254

Assessment, £293 11s. 8½d. Population—males, free 261, bond 33; females, free 52, bond 1. Total, 347.

COUNTY OF GRANT.

Edward B. Addis, Esq., Commissioner.

Acres in cultivation	954½
Horses	341
Cattle	4,048
Sheep	134,971

Assessment with licenses, £861 15s. 8d. Population—males, free 334; females, 122. Total, 456.

COUNTY OF BOURKE.

F. B. St. John, Esq., Commissioner.

Acres in cultivation	886½
Horses	341
Cattle	15,530
Sheep	79,359

Assessment, £239 1s. 4d. Population—males, free, 405, bond, 4; females, 262. Total, 671.

GRANT AND NORMANBY.

Foster Fyans, Esq., Commissioner.

Acres in cultivation	4,130
Horses	2,097
Cattle	52,453
Sheep	1,062,797

Assessment, £2568 4s 1d. Population—males, free, 2400, bond 40; females, free 528. Total, 2968.

WESTERN PORT.

F. A. Powlett, Esq., Commissioner.

Acres in cultivation	3074
Horses	1893
Cattle	38,575
Sheep	600,739

Assessment, £1516 6s. 1d. Population—males, free, 1379, bond, 31; females, free, 474. Total, 1884.

GRAND TOTAL.

Acres in cultivation on Crown Lands	10,349¾
Population residing on Crown Lands	6,875
Horses	6,550
Cattle	176,006
Sheep	2,119,334

Assessments, £6110 8s. 7½d.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION, THIS DAY.

MR. S. LYONS.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Sherry; at 6 o'clock, P.M., Camperdown Allotments, on the Parramatta Road.

MR. E. SALAMON.—At the Royal Hotel, at 11 o'clock, Or-molu clocks, Sheffield Plated Ware, Glass, &c.

APPOINTMENT.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint John Moore, Esq., of Avoca, Brisbane Water, to be a magistrate of the territory and its dependencies.

CAMPBELLTOWN AND APPIN DISTRICT COUNCIL.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed William Howe, the younger, Esq., of Glenlee, to be Warden of the District Council of Campbelltown and Appin, in the room of William Howe, the elder, Esq., resigned.

SCONE.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed Mr. Richard Bligh to be Clerk of Petty Sessions and Registrar of the Court of Requests at Scone.

PENRITH.—SLAUGHTER HOUSES.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed Mr. Edward Kennedy to be Inspector of Slaughter-houses, and of Cattle intended to be slaughtered, for the district of Penrith.

BRAIDWOOD AND BROULEE DISTRICT COUNCIL.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed David Francis Coghill, Esq., of Beder Vale, Braidwood, to be Warden of the District Council of Braidwood and Broulee, in the room of John Coghill, Esq., resigned.

ELECTORAL LISTS.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that he has appointed the following gentlemen to assist in revising the electoral lists, under the Act of Council, 6 Victoria. No. 16:—*Broulee*—Thomas Forster, Henry Clay Burnell, Robert J. Marshall, and Benjamin Marshall, Esqrs.

MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.—The President and members of the New South Wales Medical Board have certified that Richard M. Blaney, Andrew Morton, of Queanbeyan, and William Smith, have submitted the necessary testimonials of qualification, and are entitled to be deemed "legally qualified medical practitioners."

WOLLONGONG.—At a meeting of Magistrates in Petty Sessions, assembled at the Police Office, Wollongong, on the 8th of April, the 7th of May has been appointed for the revision of the Electoral List for the police district of Illawarra, to be holden at the National School House, in Crown-street, Wollongong, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

THE REV. J. SAUNDERS.—Mr. Saunders, the Baptist Minister, has proceeded on a visit to Melbourne and Van Diemen's Land, for the benefit of his health. On Monday evening he was presented with a purse containing £60, which had been subscribed by his congregation and a few friends, as a token of esteem.

THE COURT OF REQUESTS.—This Court resumed its sittings yesterday, and adjourned at 5 P.M. until 10 A.M. to-day, when No. 179 will be the first case called on.

ANNUAL LICENSING MEETING.—Yesterday, the Licensing Magistrates for the district of Sydney met in the Police Office yard, for the purpose of making arrangements for inspecting the various houses in Sydney, for which applications have been made to have licenses granted to them in terms of the 2nd Victoria, No. 18; but as a sufficient number of qualified magistrates did not attend, the meeting was adjourned till to-morrow.

JUVENILE CRICKET MATCH.—A match came off on Saturday last, between the students of the Sydney College, and eleven chosen out of the City and St. James's Grammar Schools, who, though assisted by another youth unconnected with the schools, were beaten by the former with ease. The following is the score:—Combined schools—1st innings, 54; second innings, 33; total, 87. Collegians—1st innings, 20; second innings, 68; total, 88. The Collegians having four wickets to spare. The return match will come of next Saturday.

CAMPERDOWN BUILDING ALLOTMENTS.—The sale of the remainder of these allotments on the Parramatta Road, will be held by Mr. Samuel Lyons, at his Mart, this evening, at six o'clock precisely, when the whole will be offered for sale without reserve.—*Communicated.*

Mr. Salamon requests us to intimate, that in consequence of the extensive selection of elegant articles for sale, he was incapable of completing it yesterday, and that therefore, it will be resumed this day, at eleven o'clock.—*Communicated.*

PORT PHILLIP CHIT-CHAT.—The plan of the bridge over the Yarra at Melbourne has been altered: it is now, it is said, to be a wooden platform on stone piers; the piers to be so built that an arch can at any future time be thrown across.—A race, to which considerable interest was attached, came off at Melbourne a few days since, between Smolensko, a horse from Van Diemen's Land, and Petrel, a Melbourne horse: the latter was the winner, and was declared open to run any horse that could be brought from Van Diemen's Land.—Dr. Nicholson, M.C., has forwarded to the Melbourne Mechanics' Institution two boxes of valuable curiosities, inbluding rare fossils, specimens in geology, &c. The same gentleman has, at various times, given the Melbourne Mechanics' Institution, £40 in cash.—An Episcopalian temporary Church is forthwith to be built in Belfast; the sum required having been, within a trifle, subscribed on the late visit of the Rev. J. Y. Wilson to that settlement.—The number of applications for publicans' general licenses at Melbourne was 70 for the town and 34 for the district, and five confectioners, two wine and beer licenses, (country), and two steam-boat licenses. The number of such licenses for the town and district last year was—town, 51; district, 33; steam-boat licenses, 2; confectioners, 6; wine and beer, (district), 3.—Upwards of four thousand head of cattle have been boiled down by the melting establishments during the past quarter; of this number, Messrs. Watson and Wight have melted three-fourths; in the same period the butchers have slaughtered one thousand head.—*From Melbourne papers.*

THE DOG NUISANCE.—In consequence of the great number of accidents which have of late been caused, the large packs of unclaimed dogs which are prowling through every street in Sydney, orders have been issued to the constables to see that the provisions of the Dog Act are strictly complied with in their respective beats.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—About seven o'clock on Sunday evening, as a man named John Row was on his way to Sydney from Penrith, when near Grose Farm, on the Parramatta Road, he was met by two men in a cab, who knocked him down, robbed him of 30s. in silver; they also took the handkerchief, value 2s. 6d., from his neck. After the robbery had been effected, the cab was turned round and drove back in the direction of Sydney.

WHOLESALE CATTLE STEALING, AND QUICK RECOVERY.—The Chief Constable having received information early in the morning of Friday week, that two individuals, whose personal appearances were anything but prepossessing, had been seen driving a small mob of cattle across Smithfield—a route which no one would take, unless they desired it to be an out of the way one; he immediately proceeded thither, and finding, by some five fat bullocks which had been left there, in consequence of their being too *slow* of movement for the *fast* goers, who were driving the remainder—that they bore the WL brand with J under, Ryan posted to Prospect, and was the first to inform Mr. Lawson of his loss, who was incredulous of it; and as a large number had been only a night previously brought down from the station at Mudgee, the whole had to be mustered before it could be ascertained how many were gone. It was, however, subsequently discovered that thirty-one head were absent without leave, and mounted police and constables were sent out in all directions after the cattle, both quadrupeds and bibeds, but without success, until a late hour on Saturday, when Ryan came upon the remaining twenty-six head, in some ground at the rear of Hamilton's Boiling Down Establishment, on the Liverpool Road, minus, as a matter of course, their stockkeepers, who, it is supposed, having learnt that there was a hot chase after them, had left them. Mr. Lawson has thus been enabled to recover the whole of his cattle. On the night the cattle were driven from Prospect, one of the Parramatta Police had his horse stolen, and from the description given of the animal one of the men was seen riding, there is little doubt that his animal was taken by the same parties.—*Parramatta Chronicle.*

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our various Correspondents.)

WINDSOR.

A SPECIAL meeting of the members of the Hawkesbury Benevolent Society was held at the Asylum, Windsor, on Monday, the 14th of April, at three o'clock P.M. The Vice-President, Thomas Tebbutt, Esq., took the chair. The Surgeon's report to the Committee of Management was put in and read, stating that sickness had been very prevalent in the institution during the last three months, and that two deaths had occurred. The quarters accounts were audited and passed; the receipts amounted to £212 19s. 8d., and the expenditure to £287 1s. 4d. This excess of expenditure over the receipts caused a resolution to be passed, that a bill of £128, in the hands of the treasurer, being part proceeds of a sale of stock, should be discounted. The donations in kind received and promised, showed a very satisfactory increase. Mr Charles Hughes, per Mr. Callaway, offered the loan of a waggon and two men to draw in donations in kind at any time the society might require such assistance. The election of two of the subscribers to be members of the Committee of Management, in the room of Messrs. Cobcroft and Baylis (resigned), then took place. Messrs. J. B. Johnstone and G. M. Pitt were duly elected. Mr. Betts, honorary secretary to the society, having returned from Mooki, Liverpool Plains, where the society have a cattle station, his report on the state of the station and stock was then read, and was perfectly satisfactory as to the present management under existing circumstances, there being a dispute as to the right of station, which is, however, in a fair way of immediate settlement in favour of the Society. A vote of thanks was unanimously awarded to Mr. Betts. Messrs. Beddek, Odell, and Stewart, were appointed a visiting committee for the ensuing month, which closed the day's proceedings

It is gratifying to be able to state, that the efforts made by this truly useful Society to retrench and economise have been attended with singular success. The amount of their debt, which had been gradually increasing up to the close of the year 1843, when it had reached the sum of £400, has since that time been gradually decreasing, and at the end of the past year was reduced to the sum of £209 8s. 6d. The principal cause which has led to so desirable a result is the system which was first set on foot in the year 1843, of sending a cart round amongst the inhabitants to procure donations

in kind, and through the efforts which have been made during the past year the following useful contributions have been obtained—namely: wheat, 152½ bushels; corn, 13 bushels; flour, 1679 pounds; meat, 1367 pounds; sheep, 2; potatoes, 31 bushels; tea, 65 pounds; sugar, 126 pounds; tobacco, 3 pounds; shoes, 3 pairs; stockings, 12 pairs; and £1 1s. 6d. in silver. So completely has this system succeeded, that the reduction effected in one item alone of the annual expenditure, viz., "Provisions and clothing for paupers," has been £104 2s.; the same item for the year 1843 being £255 7s. 3d., and for the past year £151 5s. 1½d., which important reduction is mainly, if not entirely, to be attributed to the cart system: for although the difference in this item of expenditure between the year 1843 and some former years may be accounted for by the general depreciation in the value of the articles required, and the relative numbers of paupers to be received, yet the difference between the past year and 1843, in these respects, has been so slight, that it is evident the reduction above mentioned must have been caused by the quantities of the necessaries of life which have been given in kind. The Society's cattle are doing well; those sold during the past year have realised altogether the sum of £346 12s. 6d., although disposed of at very low prices; neither have the Society found it necessary to sacrifice any portion of their herd (as recommended at the annual meeting last year) by bringing them into the market, in any quantity, at the present ruinously low prices; all those which have been sold, having been fat cattle only. According to the last muster made by the Superintendent, it appears the number of cattle of all ages and sexes amounts to 1633.

The money subscriptions and donations are considerably less than those of the preceding year, which is partly attributable to the great distress which still unfortuaately exists amongst all classes of the community, and partly to the fact of there having been an extraordinary effort made during the year 1843 to relieve the Society from its then embarrassments; and also, because amongst the additional subscriptions at that time entered into, there were several for very large sums, the recurrence of which could not reasonably be expected. The rule laid down by the managing committee, of limiting the number of in-door paupers to 26, until the Society's funds are in a more prosperous condition, has been found to conduce very materially to lessen the expenditure, and has been strictly adhered to. The number of paupers relieved during the year, is as follows:—

IN-DOOR PAUPERS.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number received in the Asylum on the 1st January 1844	2[illegible]	5	26
Number received during the year	1[illegible]	1	14
Total	3[illegible]	6	40
Left at their own request, discharged, and died	1[illegible]	2	14
Remain in the Asylum, 31st December, 1844	22	4	26
OUT-DOOR PAUPERS.			
Number on the Books, 1st January, 1844	24	4	28
Number on the Books during the year	7		7
Total	37		35
Received into the house, and died	9		9
Remain on the Books, 31st December, 1844	22		26

WOLLONGONG.

APRIL 14.—The Ilawarra news is not very interesting just now, nothing particular having transpired to give it a different character. The maize crop is very good where the ground was suited for it, and kept clean. We had copious rain a week ago; although at East Bargo, a distance of fifteen miles, or less as the bird flies, there was scarcely a drop of rain. This frequently happens, and it is only a month ago when the same thing took place, it raining upon a man and wetting him through, who was coming from Appin, whilst I, who was going to Appin, did not receive the least drop of rain upon me.

Milch cows are in great demand at Wollongong, and realize high prices. A few very good cows, which gave the milk without the calves, after the English manner of using them, realised as high as from £5 to £6 7s. 6d.; the latter sum was given for a cow at Mr. Wood's sale, a few days ago. Common or ordinary cows, however, are worth about £2 10s. to £3, with calves at their side. On small farms, where the object is to get as much milk as possible from the cows, and not to multiply the species, it is far better either to rear the calf by the hand on skimmed milk, or to kill it before it sees *Sunday*, as is done in England, Germany, France, &c. Besides, this plan saves a great deal of labour and time, as the driving the calves from the cows every day at noon is thus avoided, and the cows give down their milk at once when they are not expecting their calves to claim their share of it. The great price given for cows which have been accustomed from the first calving to give their milk without the calf, shows that settlers are beginning to appreciate and adopt the plan which has just been recommended, and which is followed in Europe. Butter being the only produce of the land which pays the settler, it is the more necessary to pay every attention to the best means of obtaining it in the greatest quantity and best quality, and at the least expense.

MORETON BAY.

NOVEMBER 11.—The Court House at Brisbane was a scene of much animation on Wednesday last, in consequence of various town and suburban allotments of land in this township being on that day offered by the Government for public competition. The town lots all sold, averaging 18s. 10d. per perch, being 50 per cent. over the upset price of 12s. 6d. per perch,—only four of tne suburban lots remained unsold. The five allotments put up in the township of Ipswich found ready purchasers at an advance of 900 per cent. over the upset price of 1s. per perch—in fact, there was a keen competition for these lots, and that by parties who well know the value of the locality. The following is the result of the day's sale:—

TOWN LOTS, NORTH BRISBANE.—1. 1 rood and 1 perch, allotment No. 3 of section 13, to H. Lynch, at £58 8s. 6d. 2. 1 rood and 1 perch, allotment No. 4 of section 13, to H. Wade, at £45 2s. 3. 34¼ perches, allotment No. 5 of section 13, to —. Clarke, £25 0s. 3d. 4. 34¼ perches, allotment No. 6, of section 13, to T. N. Patch, at £29 19s 5d. 5. 33¾ perches, allotment No. 7 of section 13, to T. N. Patch, at £38 0s. 5d. 6. 34¼ perches, allotment No. 8 of section 13, to —. Moffatt, at £22 8s. 6d. 7. 45 perches, allotment No. 2 of section 32, to T. L. Patch, at £29 5s. 8. 43 perches, allotment No. 3 of section 32, to T. L. Patch, at £27 19s. 9. 42 perches, allotment No. 4 of section 32, to —. M'Connell, at £26 5s. 10. 41 perches, allotment No. 5 of section 32, to —. Corfield, at £26 13s.

IPSWICH.—11. 32 perches, allotment No. 4 of section 2, to Heyles and Isaacs, at £22 8s. 12. 32 perches, allotment No. 8 of section 1, to —. Morrison, at £12 16s. 13. 32 perches, allotment No. 9 of section 1, to — Thorne, at £13 12s. 14. 32 perches, allotment No. 10 of section No. 1, to —. Wade, at £14 8s. 15. 32 perches, allotment No. 11 of section 1, to —. Thorne, at £16.

SUBURBAN LOTS.—1. 16 acres, 3 roods, and 4 perches, lot 24 of the east suburban allotment, to M'Connell, at £41 18s. 9d. 2. 2 acres, 3 roods, and 6 perches, lot 11 of west suburban allotment, South Brisbane, to —. Le Breton, at £8 7s. 8d. 3. 2 acres, 3 roods, and 30 perches, lot 12, same place, to —. Le Breton, at £8 16s. 3d. 4. 3 acres and 4 perches, lot 13, same place, to —. Fitzpatrick, at £9 1s. 6d. 5. 3 acres and 19 perches, lot 14, same place, to —. Fitzpatrick, at £9 7s. 1½d. 6. 3 acres, 2 roods, and 32 perches, lot 15, same place, to —. Fitzpatrick, at £11 2s. 7. 4 acres, 1 rood, and 16 perches, lot 16, same place, to —. Pendergast, at £13 1s. 8. 9 acres, lot 1, parish of Toombal, to —. Gray, at £13 10s. 9. 10 acres, lot 2, same place, no offer. 10. 11 acres, 2 roods, and 24 perches, lot 3, same place, to —. Gaze, at £17 14s. 11. 6 acres, 1 rood, and 24 perches, lot 4, same place, to —. Gaze, at £9 12s. 12. 15 acres, parish of Enozzara, no offer. 13. 17 acres, parish of Enozzara, West Brisbane, to —. Leslie, at £25 10s. 14. 25 acres, lot 62, same place, to —. Wickham, at £37 10s. 15. 17 acres, lot 63, same place, to —. Leslie, at £25 10s. 16. 2 acres, 2 roods, and 27 perches, lot 6 A, same place, to — M'Connell, at £8 0s 1½d. 17. 2 acres, 2 roods, and 37 perches, lot 7, same place, to —. Lord, £8 3s. 10½d. 18. 2 acres, 2 roods, and 35 perches, lot 8, same place, no offer. 19. 2 acres, 1 rood, and 32 perches, lot 9, same place, no offer. 20. 1 acre, 1 rood, and 16 perches, lot 10, same place, no offer. Total amount of sale, £655 8s 11½d.

I am happy to say we are at length in a fair way of getting the northern entrance to the Bay properly surveyed, and sailing directions laid down for vessels making this much neglected port, by Cape Moreton and Bribie's Island, having seen a letter addressed to the Committee of the Pastoral Association for this district—from the Surveyor-General, wherein that gentleman, in reply to an application made to him from that body, has informed them that he has directed Mr. Surveyor Burnett to lose no time in surveying the channel of the northern entrance to the Bay. When that desirable object is accomplished, (and from the knowledge we have had heretofore of Mr. Burnett's activity in his department, will soon be carried into effect)—this port will possess facilities for shipping to refit and refresh—little thought of by those who are unacquainted with our posision. Ships *en route* to the various Indian ports will have a place to touch at in case of bad weather or contrary winds. And whaling vessels will find refreshments for their crews, without scarcely leaving their whaling grounds. Sir George Gipps may drain from us every farthing of cash with his land sales at £100 per acre, and his government license fees, &c.; but he cannot stop the enterprising residents of this district from doing what the Government ought months ago to have done, bringing out our favourable position for commercial enterprise.

The results of our boiling-down operations still continue highly satisfactory, particularly as regards our cattle, and for which hitherto, from our very limited consumption, has been giving a poor return for the capital invested. The annexed return of produce in tallow from two lots slaughtered since my last account, will demonstrate this more fully. One bullock, which I mentioned before, belonging to a Mr. Fareham, of the Darling Downs, will almost appear incredible, both in weight of carcass when dressed, and the produce in tallow when rendered. The whole lot of forty-six bullocks were superb for grass-fed stock; the tallow from them goes up by the *Sovereign*, with the weights marked.

Weight of bullocks boiled down for G. K. E. Fareham, Esq.:—

One bullock gave in weight of quarters, exclusive of kidney fat, 1100 lbs.; head and offal boiled with carcass, but not weighed. The weight of kidney fat, 168 lbs.

	cwt.	qr.	lb.
Nett produce—1 cask sterling	5	1	1
Tare		2	10
Nett proceeds	4	2	19
2nd cask	1	2	18 nett.
Total produce	6	1	9 or

709 lbs. nett of tallow. The fat on the flank was four inches thick. The forty-six head produced 6 tons 14 cwt. 1 qr.—or an average of 326 41-46 lbs. each nett. Out of twenty-six head, brought down by Alexander Scott, Esq., eleven of the best were picked out by the butchers, the remaining fifteen were boiled down, and produced 33 cwt. 8 lbs. nett weight—being an average of 246 14-15 each.

We have had some fine soaking rains with the change of moon, making the feed for the cattle and stock first-rate.

A report reached this place a short time since, that the blacks on the Boyne had reported at Mr. Dennis's station the massacre of Dr. Leitchart and party by an inland tribe, but putting very little faith in the rumour, I took no notice of it. Within the last few days a man from Captain Living's station, on the Boyne, repeats the report by stating he heard the blacks say all the white men were killed; but as very little dependence can be placed upon a conversation in which only a word here and there can be understood by either party, the rumour cannot be given credit to. Months may yet elapse before anything can be expected to be heard of this adventurous exploring party.

The yatch *Avenger* arrived here on the 30th ult., and sailed again for Sydney on the 3rd instant. The steamer *Sovereign* takes up only a part cargo of wool this time, most of that staple produce being now got rid of for the next six months.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

DR. LEICHARDT.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—A report has reached me "that some accident had happened to the party which proceeded under Dr Leichardt to Port Essington." As I am deeply interested in their fate, *I had been talking with the very blacks who are first said to have originated the report.* From all I can gather, it is an invention of the whites without any shadow of truth; and as I know several of the party have near relations in the colony, I write this that they may not suffer any anxiety on account of that enterprising party.

I shall always be on the alert, and ready to communicate or unravel any such reports.

As I before said, it is impossible for them to reach their journey's end till the commencement of June, so we cannot expect to hear anything decisive till a vessel returns from the port.

I hope this report, if it has reached any anxious friend, will be considered only as a report without any foundation.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
C. PEMBERTON HODGSON.
Eton Vale, March 24.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—In the reports of the proceedings of the late or old Legislative Council, which appeared in your journal about two years ago, His Excellency the Governor in his closing speech upon the "Squatting Regulations," stated, "that the scarcity of Magistrates in the interior, ought not to be made a plea of the want of necessary protection; inasmuch as he (the Governor) was at all times willing to attend to any solicitation from the inhabitants of the distant parts of the colony, whenever they, or the public weal required a gentleman, or a number, (say two or three), of the higher class of resident graziers, &c., to be placed in the commission of the peace; in fact, the people had no more to do than to recommend the gentleman or gentlemen in whom they could place the greatest confidence, and he (the Governor) would not hesitate a moment to appoint the party so recommended to be a Magistrate, &c." Such, Messrs. Editors, is a brief outline of His Excellency's "*sayings*," and now proceed to notice "the Governor's *doings*."

In the first place, permit me to apprise you that the town of Gunning is a portion of the Yass police district, and is situate in the northern corner, adjoining the southern boundary of the Goulburn police district, being equidistant from Yass on the south, and Goulburn on the north, about from twenty-eight to thirty miles. A case requiring the interference of *one* or more Magistrates *must be* taken to Yass at the following cost and charges, namely,—

	£	s.	d.
Loss of time, and journey to Yass, one day	0	7	0
Loss of time, and journey, returning	0	7	0
Refreshment and bed at Yass	0	7	0
Stabling horse, if you have one	0	6	0
	1	7	0

[illegible] lose you must be at that expense, or "wag the mallet" upon your acquaintances, (which is a despicable system of sponging, adopted by mean, shabby, would-be great men) and all this loss of time, absence from home, cash expense, and liability to catch your death by cold, as well as risking the breaking of your neck on the tracts of land where roads were once, is owing to the want of our two gentlemen being appointed to be Justices of the Peace, and whose estates lie contiguous to the town land.

Gunning, notwithstanding the pressure of the times, has, within the last six months, improved not only in buildings, but also in its population; preparations for the foundation of the church are in progress; no less than £100 being subscribed on Easter-day, and we expect an additional £100 will be raised within the next four months. Some thousands of pounds have been expended in the erection of buildings here; and no doubt a few thousands more would be employed in various improvements, were capitalists assured that sufficient protection to and for life and property would be given or granted by Her Majesty's Government?

About ten months ago, a memorial was got up by the principal landholders, graziers, &c., addressed to His Excellency the Governor, praying the appointment of a Resident Magistrate, and Dr. Benjamin Clayton was proposed to His Excellency as a gentleman whose natural and acquired qualifications was eminently adapted for the office,—at the same time the doctor's estate and residence being adjoining the township, he would be always on the spot to hear and determine cases which required the jurisdiction of one Magistrate. In process of time it was supposed the Messrs. John and William M'Leay would not object to do the duties of Justices; and we anticipated the appointment of as many J.P's, as would have answered for local purposes, without incurring the loss, expense, &c., &c., of journeying to Yass.

But what was the fate of the memorial? I will tell you, Messrs. Editors,—although that memorial was signed by gentlemen, amongst whom was the resident Chaplain, one or more J.P.'s, and the rest opulent landowners, yet their memorial was treated with silent contempt, as up to this hour, His Excellency has not had the common politeness to reply to its prayer, a mark of discourtesy which one would not have thought a gentleman of Sir George Gipps's standing in society would have been guilty of? and also violating his own assertions uttered before the *then* "collected wisdom of the colony."

It has been said, the fault rests with the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, or some one or other of his "subs," who, it is further said, has neglected to forward His Excellency's decision on the prayer of the memorial. Be that as it may, it is not now too late to repair the effects of remissness in office, by apologising for the neglect, and then make known His Excellency's determination.

I should suppose that upwards of £20,000 worth of land in this quarter has been purchased from the Government, exclusive of town allotments, &c.; yet, up to this hour, the Government—although repeatedly solicited—would not place upon the estimates the yearly pay of one constable!

The old Legislative Council granted £400 for the erection of a lock-up in this town, one farthing of which has never been expended for or upon the structure for which it was granted!

More anon.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,
A [illegible] IN THE CORNER.
Gunning, March 29.

P.S.—A great deal of money was subscribed by the Southrons to enable the Campbelltown Committee to complete the road to and over Broughton's Pass. The subscribers in this police district (Yass) would be obliged if any of your numerous readers could throw any light upon the subject: or will the Committeemen publish their account with the public in the *Herald*?

ENGLISH EXTRACTS.

EASTER DAY.

(From a paper on the Ecclesiastical Calendar, in the Companion to the Almanac for 1845. By Professor DE MORGAN, *of University College, London.)*

IT is not necessary for us to enter into any description of the vast machinery of tables by which, instead of by methods and formulæ, Clavius described the structure of his new calendar. We will now state, in recapitulation, the points of this paper which particularly concern the apparent discrepancy on which it is written

1. The law which regulates Easter in Great Britain declares that whenever the full moon on or next after March 21 falls on a Sunday, that Sunday is not Easter Sunday, but the next: it also prescribes rules for determining Easter.

2. In defiance of the precept, though in accordance with the rules, the Easter Sunday of 1845 is on the very day of the full moon next following March 21.

3. One part of the reason of this is that the British Legislature misunderstood the definition of Easter, used in the rules which they adopted, thinking it depended on the *full moon*, whereas it depends on the *fourteenth day* of the moon, the day of new moon being counted as the *first*. Now full moon never happens before the *fifteenth* day of this reckoning.

4 The other part of the reason of this discrepancy is that the legislature supposed the moon of the calendar to be the same as the moon of the heavens, which neither is nor was intended to be the case: the moon of the calendar being not only made to vary from the moon of the heavens for convenience of calculation, but also to prevent Easter day from falling on the day of the Jewish Passover.

5. These two errors very often compensate one another, for though the fourteenth day is very often a day behind the calendar full moon, yet the calendar moon is also very often a day before the real moon, so that the fourteenth day of the calendar moon is frequently the day of the real full moon. But they do not always do so; and it should never be matter of surprise if Easter fall on the Sunday of the full moon, whether real or calendar.

6. It is not correct to say that Easter is made to fall wrongly in 1845: it falls where the legislators, who correctly copied the rule of the Roman Church, intended it should fall, though they did not correctly give the explanation of the rule they intended to use.

The last time that Easter Sunday fell on the day of the full moon was in 1818, in which year both the festival and the full moon were on the 22nd of March, the earliest possible day. It excited some stir that the definition of Easter, as contained in the Act, should so palpably be violated, and an Oxford clergyman publicly protested against the observance of Easter on the, as he thought it, wrong day. More than one writer discussed the matter on the supposition that the Parliamentary definition was correct, and also that the extreme of astronomical correctness had always been sought after and considered essential to the due observance of the day. No person who had ever examined the volume of Clavius, *the only authority on the subject*, appears to have taken any part in the discussion. It seems even to have been supposed that the proceedings of the courts of law might possibly be called in question, since an error in Easter would occasion a corresponding error in the commencement of Easter term. A lawyer would no doubt answer that a positive enacted rule is law, even though the grounds of that rule were incorrectly stated, or though there were no grounds at all. But it is desirable that those who like discussion on this and similar subjects should not be allowed, in mere ignorance of existing facts, and without any opportunity of knowing what they are doing, to agitate for the reconsideration of what with all its defects is a *fixed rule*, the thing most wanted.

The advantages of the present system are as follows.—

1. There is a fixed rule which prevails throughout the Roman, English, and Scottish churches, and from which the remaining Protestant churches vary but little.

2. The general desire of the Christian world, namely, to make Easter an anniversary of the last days of Christ, is substantially satisfied, since it always must come close upon the full moon which comes next after the vernal equinox. No one can know how Easter is kept without attending to the chronological connexion of the death of Christ with the passover, and of the resurrection with the first day of the week following.

3. All necessary warning against the mere observance of days for the sake of the days is given by the very nature of the rule which determines Easter, when known. There is no answer to any manifestation of superstitious feeling on the subject which can be so good as a reference to Clavius putting the moon backwards or forwards a day to suit convenience of calculation.

The disadvantages of any alteration of the rule will be as follows:—

1. The advantages stated in the first and third reasons preceding are destroyed, and the contrary disadvantages introduced.

2 Unless astronomical tables could be rendered absolutely perfect, there must be, as Clavius remarks, the substitution of a fictitious for the real moon.

3 Any change must introduce an inconvenient schism, since it is certain that all Roman Catholics must adhere to the present system. It is hardly to be supposed that the papal see will acquiesce in any alteration.

4. An astronomical Easter is impossible, unless the festival be sometimes kept on one day on the east of *a variable meridian*, and on another day on the west; the difference being a week. It might happen, for instance, that those on one side of the meridian of London should have to keep Easter a Sunday after those on the other side: nay, astronomical tables are exact enough to make it possible that a true astronomical Easter, according to a definition drawn from the real moon, should be observed on one Sunday in St. Paul's, and on another in Westminister Abbey; and as astronomy advances, it is perfectly conceivable that the true astronomical Easter should be one Sunday or another in St Paul's only, according as it is to be solemnized at one end or the other of the building.

As we are satisfied that there are persons who really have a lurking religious veneration for the ceremonial part of Easter, and for the apparently astronomical definition from which it is drawn, we will demonstrate the assertion about Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's.

The difference of longitude of the two cathedrals is about seven seconds, say six to make sure of the argument; that is, the clock of St. Paul's, the more eastward of the two, ought to be more than six seconds faster than that of the Abbey. Hence Sunday morning begins at St Paul's six seconds before it begins at Westminster Abbey. Now suppose Easter regulated strictly by the paschal full moon, as implied in the Act of Parliament, and suppose that on a Sunday evening (at the Abbey) the paschal full moon happens at three seconds before midnight. Then at St. Paul's it will happen three seconds after midnight, on Sunday morning. That is, the Sunday just named is the next after the paschal full moon, at the Abbey, and is Easter Sunday. But at St. Paul's the paschal full moon falls on the Sunday, and Easter Sunday is the next Sunday.

But it will be said this is trifling with the subject; nobody means to stand out about a few seconds. We answer, that whoever gives up a few seconds gives up the principle on which the discussion to which we have alluded was raised, and adopts that of Clavius, namely, that perfect astronomical accuracy must *at some point* give way to convenience. Again, in the time of Clavius, from the less amount of accuracy then existing, there was as little disposition to stand out about a day as there is now about six seconds; the time will come when more will be thought, astronomically, of the tenth part of a second than now of six seconds. If it were granted that the astronomical definition should be used, without minding four hours, still Easter cannot always be kept on the same Sunday in Calcutta and London, or in Montreal and London; carry the love of astronomical truth so far as not to reject ten minutes, and Exeter and London cannot always keep Easter on the same Sunday.

5. It can only happen very rarely that Easter is a perfect anniversary of the events which it commemorates. The Passover (fourteenth of the moon) took place on Thursday evening, the Crucifixion on Friday, the Resurrection on Sunday. The observance of the Friday and Sunday is properly anniversary, but it only happens now and then that the fourteenth of the moon is on Thursday. Since, then, in the nature of things, the moon's appearance can but seldom lead to a true recurrence of the chronological character of the circumstances commemorated, it matters little that the connexion of the moon with Easter, arbitrary as it must be in some respects, should be a little more arbitrary still.

6. Every alteration of the calendar is an additional trouble and risk of error in questions of history; the Gregorian reformation has done much in this way, another attempt would go near to render the chronology of the country in which it was made an unfathomable mystery.

There is but one reformation of the *British* calendar which we should wish to see. It is not desirable that a statute should exist which contains a complete misunderstanding of its own provisions, however little the legal force of these provisions may be thereby affected. A short Act of Parliament repealing the words about the full moon in 24 Geo. II. cap. 23, and substituting a definition which should not lead to mistake, would be of service; it being remembered that the erroneous words are not merely buried in the statute-book, but are directed to be attached to all the prayer-books used in the service of the Established Church.

CONVERSION OF ANOTHER ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST.

(From the Achill Herald.)

THE Rev. George M'Namara, late Roman Catholic curate of the parish of Kilcommon, in this county, publicly renounced the errors of the Church of Rome, and was received into the communion of the Church of England, in presence of a large congregation, in the church connected with this settlement, on Sunday, 20th October.

At the conclusion of this interesting ceremony, a sermon suited to the occasion was preached, on Acts vi., 7.

The following letter, which Mr. M'Namara, at the prudent suggestion of a friend, procured from a Roman Catholic gentleman, and a magistrate of this county, shows the estimation in which he was held by the members of that Church from which he has separated:—

"We have been intimately acquainted with the Rev. George M'Namara all through his missionary career as Roman Catholic priest, and are proud to say that we can recommend him as a strictly sober, honest, and exemplary clergyman.

"Given under our hands at Carrowkell, this 14th day of October, 1844.

THOS. BOURKE, J. P.
WALTER BOURKE."

On Tuesday, the 29th October, the interesting ceremony took place of laying the first stone of a house, to be appropriated to converted priests while studying for the ministry of the Gospel. The procession, which was arranged by Dr. Adams, marched in the following order:—First, three of the orphan boys, students for Irish scholarships, two bearing an open Bible, and the third a representation of the globe. Next, the school children, three deep; then the Rev. Messrs. O'Brien and M'Namara, followed by the Rev. Mr. Frost, and attendant with hammer and trowel; then came the Rev. Messrs. Lowe and Nangle, and the congregation. On arriving at the ground a hymn, composed for the occasion, and adapted to a simple tune, in parts, was sung by the children and people.

When the hymn was concluded, the stone was laid by the Rev. Mr. Frost, Messrs. O'Brien and M'Namara each handing him a stone to place in the work, to testify their good will to it. When this part of the ceremony was ended, the senior missionary briefly addressed the assembly in English, and after him

The Rev. Mr. M'Namara addressed them in the Irish language. He alluded to the extraordinary circumstance that they should have met together to lay the foundation stone of a house for such a purpose as the accommodating of priests, while engaged in study preparatory to their entering on the ministry of the Gospel. Still more extraordinary that the first stone should be laid by one who had himself been a priest; and more extraordinary still, that two more, similarly circumstanced, should be there encouraging such a work by their presence and approval. He then went on to state some of the circumstances which pained his conscience while in the Church of Rome, and put him on that inquiry which issued in his abandonment of its errors, and his cordial reception of the Protestant faith, as held in the Established Church. He mentioned, first, the obligation put upon the priest, if interrogated about a fact which he has learned in confession, to deny all knowledge of it, and the counsel given by writers of authority to confirm, if needful, the lie by perjury. He also commented on the blasphemous assumption by which the Church of Rome seeks to palliate such wickedness; namely, that the priest, while hearing confession, is not to be considered as man but as God. He then stated that he knew some of the priests of the diocese to have been guilty of such beastly immoralities as he could not mention. He determined to appeal to the head of the Church to put a stop to these scandals, and with this view he wrote to the Pope himself. His letter was sent back to the bishop; he never punished the offenders, nor, so far as he could learn, rebuked them; he instituted no inquiry; he was so absorbed in helping forward the repeal agitation that he had no time or inclination to attend to the promotion of common morality among the priests. The Sunday after he received the letter from the Pope, he held a repeal meeting in Ardnaree Chapel, and collected £40 for O'Connell. The only notice taken by the bishop of the Pope's letter was to send for him (Mr. M'Namara) to endeavour to persuade him to retract all he had said, promising him a good situation in the event of his compliance. These were the circumstances which excited suspicion in his mind that all was not right in the Church of Rome, and disposed him to consider the claims of that Church of which he was now a member, in which he hoped to live, and in which he intends, with God's grace, to die.

The reverend gentlemen speaks the Irish language with much grace and fluency; his address was heard with breathless attention throughout, interrupted by nothing but the hearty prayers offered up for him by some of the poor converts.

THE FINE ARTS.

(From the Times.)

THE "Third Report of the Commissioners on the Fine Arts" contains many suggestions, and some of them useful and valuable ones, for developing artistical talents among us. The new Houses of Parliament are to be the scene of these new efforts. They want ornamenting; and the process of ornamenting them will also serve the end of improvement and advancement in English art. We kill two birds with one stone—we illustrate our national history, and we improve our sculpture by the exercise and display which we thus afford them. We shall notice for the present one subject, on which a very good suggestion is made.

Mr. Barry, the architect of the new Houses of Parliament, is the author of this suggestion. It appears that certain parts of these buildings, or some sites at any rate in connexion with them, are to be set apart for public monuments to illustrious men, "entitled to the gratitude of their country for eminent civil, literary, or scientific services." Mr. Barry entirely concurs in this scheme, and also adds that he can find plenty of room for accommodating a considerable part of the monuments now existing in St. Paul's and Westminster Abbey. "If the feeling," he says, "which now very generally prevails in favour of the exclusion of all monuments from places set apart for divine worship, which from their character are not calculated to excite in the mind of the beholder emotions of piety and devotion *(in which number would be included above* 200 *in Westminster Abbey, and, with two exceptions, the entire collection in St. Paul's Cathedral)*, should ultimately lead to their removal, the New Palace of Westminster might afford accommodation for those of a public character, either in the open arcades, or in galleries to be provided above them in the proposed additional quadrangle on the site of the new Palace-yard"

We think this a valuable suggestion of Mr. Barry's; and coming from a practical man, and one of such high attainments and renown, we can hardly doubt it will have its weight. There has grown up during the last century such an obstinate combination of the two ideas of monument and Westminster Abbey, that many minds can hardly view the two apart. Westminster Abbey and monuments; monuments and Westminster Abbey is the notion; and this seesaw rings through people's heads till a kind of positive centaur image of the two together becomes impressed on the imagination. The possibility of a letigimate monument out of Westminster Abbey is virtually doubted. If it is not here, it is something or other, but it is not a monument. The erection has not the heraldic chartered hereditary right to the title of monument, unless it blocks up a window, stops up an arch, or scrambles up a pillar. Unless a transept is defaced, or a side chapel choked, the glory of the military or naval hero is not complete, and his reputation for battery and cannonading is not sufficiently portrayed. Westminster Abbey has been crammed with these exhibitions of sculpture till there is no more room for them along the walls, and they have begun to occupy the pavement. And increase and spread they will on this principle, till the Abbey will be turned into a perfect Noah's ark at last, and the monuments will have to ascend through the roof, till layers of heroes wrap over each other like geological strata, or packet berths, and the illustrious dead are seen climbing upon each other's shoulders, instead of reposing in peace. We mean to say, that we see no end to this system of crowding the Abbey, unless the fashion of coupling the Abbey and monuments together has some sudden direct break given to it: unless people are positively prevented from using the place in this way, or have their attention directed to some other depository. The more fashionable the Abbey is, the more it becomes so; and numbers there only bring more numbers after them, just as money begets money.

The "Poets' Corner" is a nice specimen of this fashion. It is more like a statuary's shop now, than the transept of a cathedral. Two poets have been buried there within the last few weeks, and a claim for a monument is sure to come after a burial. We have only an imperfect sympathy, we confess, with the Poets'-corner sensibilities; they savour of a sort of poetical cockneyism, which bears the same relation to genuine poetry that dandyism does to good breeding. Poets are *filii terræ*, they belong to the places they are born in more than any other persons. They describe the native moor or valley, immortalize the clan, give life to the legend Why they should all be brought together and made a kind of literary club of when they are dead, it is not very easy to see. And it is rather a meretricious sentiment, we cannot help thinking, which sees taste and beauty in this technical professional view of their character, and in keeping up after death the club-room image of "stars," and "geniuses," and "wits," meeting at the *soirée* or at the dinner table.

We think the public, then, are much indebted to Mr. Barry, first, for providing accommodation in his plans for the new houses for future monument building; and, secondly, for his suggestion of transferring the existing monuments of St. Paul's and Westminster Abbey to this quarter; for providing a diversion from Westminster Abbey prospectively, and relieving it from what it has. It is quite true, as he says, that nine-tenths of the monuments are "not calculated to excite in the minds of the beholder emotions of piety and devotion," and, therefore, should not be in such a sacred place.

One word more by way of application. A subscription is now collecting for erecting a monument to Campbell, the poet, in the Abbey. We hope we appreciate the spirit, genius, and vigour of Campbell, as a poet; but we ask at the same time, and shall be glad of an answer which will alter our minds, how a monument can be raised to him, really suiting him, doing him justice, and being in place, which "will excite in the mind of the beholder emotions of piety and devotion?" The highest style of religious and devotional monument may, doubtless, be erected, and the attitude of prayer, kneeling, eyes lifted up, may be given to your clever man and wit with as much unction as you please, but the question will be, will it suit him, will it be in keeping? We do not mean to say that Campbell's character is not as much in keeping with Abbey sanctity as that of half the poets that are there. But if we agree with the suggestions in this "Report of the Commissioners," and establish any kind of new rule on the subject, why in the teeth of these suggestions go on with the old story, and continue to fill Westminister Abbey? Campbell was a fine poet, but we cannot help thinking that a place in the arcade or gallery of the new "Palace of Westminster" will be fully as suitable for him.

COLLEGE OF CHEMISTRY.

(From the Atlas.)

A PROSPECTUS of an institution under this denomination is now in course of circulation, and appears to us to be deserving of the amplest patronage. It is justly and truly stated that "the student who may wish to adopt chemistry as a profession, or who may entertain the ambition of extending the science, finds in this country no means of obtaining instruction in manipulation, or in pursuit of analytical researches; he is either compelled to trust to private instruction or to resort to some practical school on the continent. The expense, in either case, and the necessity in the latter of learning the language, deter all those whose pecuniary means are small from availing themselves of these aids, and the result is, that many of the most promising students of chemistry are compelled to abandon it altogether, and seek some other profession." The fact being admitted, the necessity for the college is at once apparent, and we shall be very much surprised if the public do not come forward and afford the project the most cordial and liberal support. The following is an outline of the plan, and a specification of the means by which the institution is to be founded:—

Subscribers of one guinea and upwards annually, and donors of £10, will be designated members of the College of Chemistry, entitled to a definite number of analyses, to be made in the school at a mere nominal price. (The number for each guinea subscribed, and the charge to be hereafter determined by the council.) And also to a copy of all printed papers, reports, &c., issued from the school, which will embrace much information respecting the progress of the science and its economic applications to agriculture, arts, and manufactures. The design of fixing so small a sum is to extend its benefits as much as possible, and the departments for practical purposes, it is confidently hoped, will give the institution that character of usefulness which will commend it to the support of a very large portion of the public.

Subscribers of £10 and upwards annually, and donors of £50 or upwards, will be entitled to nominate a student, who will be received at a reduced charge for the whole course of study, in proportion to the amount of the contribution. It is hoped that governors of hospitals and other institutions will adopt the means of rewarding and aiding the progress of students who gain the prizes in their chemical classes.

Other privileges are contemplated to be given to members, in proportion to the public support of the institution.

This institution is intended to embrace—1st. "A Laboratory" (as designed by Sir H. Davy) for original investigations, and for extending the boundaries of this most important national science, on the model of the Giessen Laboratory.—2nd. "A College" for the instruction of students in analysis and scientific research, upon such terms as to encourage young men of talent and scientific taste to apply themselves to chemistry, and for qualifying public lecturers and teachers.—3rd. Departments for the application of chemistry to especial purposes, as agriculture, geology, and mineralogy, by the analysis of soils, rocks, &c.; to medicine, physiology, and the arts.—4th. The employment of such means as may appear expedient to the council for encouraging and facilitating the pursuit of scientific chemistry throughout the country, and for making it a branch of general education.

A GREEK VIEW OF ENGLISH PARTIES.

THE following is an extract from a Greek newspaper, *The Athena*, published on the 19th of August last. Our classical readers will have no difficulty in discovering in it an account of "Young England," but they will be amused to see Mr. Huskisson, the Duke of Wellington and Sir Robert Peel, masquerading in Greek dress as ὁ Κύριος Ουσκισον ὁ Δοὺξ Βελιγτών, and ὁ Κύριος Πήλ. Our old friends the Whigs will hardly know themselves under the title of οἱ Ουΐγγοι, nor the Conservative party as τὸ συντηρητικὸν κόμμα. The *Times* is characterised by the designation of ἡ ἐφημερίς τοῦ κόμματος τουτου:—

Το τρίτον τοῦτο τμῆμα τοῦ συντηρητικο κόμματος εἶχεν ὅλην τὴν ἐνδοξίαν τὴν ἰδιάζουσαν εἰς τὴν νεολαίαν καὶ τοὺς νεωτεριστάς. Ὠνόμασαν ἑαυτοὺς. Νέαν Αγγλίαν καθόσον ἀφορᾷ τὴν θρησκίαν (διότι ὀλίγον φροντίζουν αὐτοὶ περὶ πολιτικῆς) θέλουν νὰ συμβιβάσωσι τὴν Αγγλικανὴν ἐκκλησίαν μὲ τὸν καθολικισμὸν καθοσον δ' ἀφορᾷ τὸ ἐμπόριον καὶ τὰ οἰκονομικὰ επιμονως, ἐπιθυμοῦσι τὰς μεταρρυθμίσεις, τας ὁποίας εἶχεν ἐπιχειρίσει ὁ Κύριος Ουσκισον καὶ κηρὲς τουσι τῆς ἐμπορικῆς ἐλευθερίας. Ὁ Κύριος Γλάδστων, εἷς ἐξ αὐτῶν, καίτοι διαμένων εἰς τῶν ἐπιδεξιωτέρων καὶ σταθεροτέρων ὀργάνων τῆς πολιτικῆς τοῦ Κυρίου Πὴλ, ἀναλαμβάνει ὅμως καθ' ἑκάστην τριμηνίαν τὸν κάλαμον πρὸς ὑπεράσπισιν τοῦ Ἀγγλικανοκαθολικισμοῦ καὶ τῆς οἰκονομικῆς μεταρρυθμίσεως. Η νέα Αγγλια ἐξακολουθεῖ τὸ μεταρ' ρυθμιστικὸν της στάδιον [Sic.] μέχρι καὶ αὐτοῦ τοῦ πεδίου της ἱστορίας, διότι ἀνεκάλυψε ριὰ τοῦ Λόρδου Μαώνος ὅτι σφάλλουσιν οἱ Ουΐγγοι δ' ἰσχυριζόμενοι ὅτι αὐτοὶ ἐξηκολούθησαν τὴν ἐπανάστασιν τοῦ 1688, καὶ ἀποδεικνύουσιν ὅτι τὴν σήμερον ὁ Δοὺξ Βελιγτὼν καὶ οἱ Τόρεις παριστῶσιν ἀκριβῶς τοὺς Λόρδους Σομέρσον καὶ Ὀυαλπῶλον, ἐνῷ οἱ Λόρδοι Ρούσελ καὶ Παλμερστον ἔχουσι τὰ μᾶλλον ἢ ἧττον Γακοβιτικὰ φρονήματα τῶν ἐπὶ τοῦ καιροῦ τῆς Ἄννης Τόρεων.

NEW ACQUISITION OF GREAT BRITAIN.—The British government has taken formal possession of the Mosquito kingdom, on the American continent. The British flag was hoisted on the 6th of July, at Blewfield, the head-quarters of the British diplomacy, under a salute of guns and the hurrahs of the people. Mr. Walker, formerly Colonial Secretary and Chief Judge of Honduras, is one of the commissioners appointed by an ordinance of the late king to govern the kingdom during the minoriry of the king. The northern part of the kingdom is confided to Admiral Lowrie, a native; the central portion to James S. Bell, a Scotchman; and the southern to Captain Shepherd, an Englishman. The king is to be taken to Belize shortly, to be crowned, in presence of the governor of the British settlements and the chiefs of the kingdom. Great Britain attaches great importance to this portion of the American continent. It is fertile, salubrious, and beautiful, possessing some of the largest natural harbours in the world (the Cheripui Lagoon can hold 1000 ships of the line at anchor safe). It has nineteen large rivers, some of them navigable 100 miles from the sea. The port of San Juan de Nicaragua is a portion of this territory. This was formerly claimed by the King in person on the Tweed, by a British sloop of war, and the claim enforced by Colonel M'Donald. This territory will afford the British a safe retreat and dockyard for the West India fleets, and with abundant supplies. In case of a war between the United States and Great Britain this possession might prove a great detriment to this country. J. S. Bell, the Commander in Chief, having the title of Commandant and Sheriff, has issued a proclamation regulating trade with the kingdom from and after the 31st of August, 1844, particularly the turtle fishing, on the coast and quays. The importance of this territory will be enhanced by the completion of the canal at Panama and the Isthmus of Darien.—*New York Journal of Commerce.*

VICTORIA PARK.—The contract for three miles of park paling has been re-taken by a Mr. Marshall, its execution having been thrown up by Mr. Hull, of Godalming, who had previously taken it on terms of £1590 below the highest tender. Workmen are engaged in forming Old Ford-lane into a straight line of road, and a row of houses, called Kings' Arms-row, has been levelled. Within the last three weeks upwards of 700 loads of rubbish have been brought from the works in progress in the formation of the new road at Whitechapel, to fill up the excavations, and for other purposes. A circle has been staked out in the Grove-road, which is to form one of the principal entrances into the park, and some progress has already been made in the drainage of many of the fields. The chief part of the tenants inhabiting the houses forming the remaining wing of Bonner's Hall have vacated their occupancy, prior to the demolition of this interesting structure, which will commence at once. This is one of the most picturesque parts of the locality, the venerable trees which still remain show it to have been the remnants of a formerly well cultivated park. The active arrangements for its formation are under the directions of Mr. Pennithorne, the late commissioner in Ireland under the poor-law inspection.

BEGGING IN SPAIN.—Whilst walking about I was followed by a boy who had the appearance of a beggar, but was muttering something in a low voice at intervals which I could not make out; I desired him to speak out, when he said, "La puntita nel cigarro por mi padre," "The end of the cigar for my father:" the only time I ever noticed this most humble and lowly, as well as affectionate, mode of soliciting charity.—*Spain and Spaniards.*

ADVANTAGES OF RAILWAYS.—SINGING BY STEAM.—A remarkable instance of how much the interests even of individuals may be promoted by the rapidity and ease of railway travelling was related by Mr. Wilson, the vocalist, at one of his concerts lately. In expressing a hope that the railways contemplated here would soon be in operation, he said, "You could not conceive how much persons situated as I am are indebted to rapidity of railway communication." He then mentioned that, in ten weeks of the present spring, he had travelled nearly 6000 miles, singing about six times a-week. This average was pretty good, but the performance of one of the weeks was more extraordinary. He sang in London on Monday evening—in Glasgow, on Wednesday evening and Thursday morning—in Edinburgh, on Thursday evening and Friday morning—and in Greenock and some other places, on the remainder of the week—and was back again in London, singing on the night week he had left!—*Perthshire Courier.*

A letter from Dresden, of October 14, says—"In the second sitting of the Congress of Orientalists, now held in this city, and which reckons three rabbis amongst its members, Professor Weber, of Bremen, passed some jocose remarks against the Jews. Immediately all the Christian members of the society, 42 in number, rose, and interrupted him, and M. Tiersch observed to M. Weber how improper it was to offend persons on account of their religious belief, particularly in a society altogether scientific. M. Weber wished to explain, but the President refused to allow him to speak, as the matter, he said, was terminated by M. Tiersch's very proper remarks. The other Christian members loudly applauded this decision, and M. Weber left the sitting. A few minutes after M. Weber sent a letter to the President, declaring that he had not intended to offer any offence to the Jews in what he had said. He has since left Dresden."

EDUCATION IN RUSSIA.—By an Imperial order published at St. Petersburgh, it is declared that no person will be permitted to act as public or private tutor in that country who is not a member of some Christian community, and provided with certificates to that effect, and also as to the morality of his general conduct, from the establishment in which he was educated, and the authorities of his usual place of residence. If a foreigner, he must also have a favourable certificate from the Russian legation of the country of which he is a native. It is, moreover, necessary that he should be a graduate of some university or college, or at least have a student's certificate.

INTERVIEW WITH THE BASHA OF TANGIER.—At the appointed time the whole party set forth. The gentlemen proceeded on foot, having made themselves as smart as circumstances would permit. I was mounted on a small white horse, and felt conscious of being a most extraordinary figure; the consul having desired that I should put on jewels, (as a mark of respect to the Basha), which certainly were ill-suited to my travelling gown and old straw poke bonnet. We were accompanied by an aged fat interpreter, and a beautiful Jewess, in the rich costume of her nation; her black eye-lashes and brows were deeply dyed; she wore double ear-rings, and one pair were as thick and as large as Indian bangles or bracelets. Her little feet were bare, with the exception of red velvet and gold slippers, and even these she was obliged to take off in Moorish presence. Passing the Mosque with her slippers on, and hearing herself cursed, she darted forward, turned very pale, and then informed us that this malediction was in consequence of her not being barefooted while on holy ground. We ascended a very steep hill, on the top of which stands the old Moorish castle. The courts were filled with Arabs and extraordinary looking beings. After waiting a few minutes, we were ushered into a marble patio, were, without attendants, the Basha received us. Three carpets, each less than the one below it, and a folded blanket, formed the seat on which he sat, or rather squatted, holding his feet, and apparently counting his toes. He was wrapped in white muslin and a haick. His turban was white as driven snow; his eyes fine; his countenance intelligent, and his skin sallow. A small semicircle of chairs was placed, to which he pointed, and desired us to take possession; and we were introduced by the consul, attended by the interpreter. According to the Eastern fashion of bringing a gift in the hand, as a mark of respect and honour, we had understood that an offering to the amount of forty dollars was to be made in the shape of a robe, or turban, or tea and sugar; but this the Basha declined with some little pique, saying, that as the English, in consequence of orders from their government, had declined his presents, he could not receive any from that nation. Some conversation on Eastern politics arose; and assuredly he did not express flattering opinions as to France. After a little time a black boy conducted Miss Hay, myself, and the beautiful Jewess to a garden, where, in a summer-house, we found the Basha's three wives and two children crouching on the ground. The Jewess kissed them, and seated herself beside them; and two chairs were placed for us, the black boy, Hadjee, standing by. Anything so hideous as these ladies I never beheld.—*Marchioness of Londonderry's Narrative.*

BRITISH SOLDIERS IN THE EAST.—Bravery is the characteristic of the British army in all quarters of the world; but no other quarter has afforded such striking examples of the existence of this quality in the soldiers as the East Indies. An instance of their misbehaviour in the field has never been known, and particularly those who have been for some time in that country cannot be ordered upon any service, however dangerous or arduous, that they will not effect, not only with bravery, but a degree of skill not often witnessed in persons of their description in other parts of the world. I attribute these qualities, which are peculiar to them in the East Indies, to the distinctness of their class in that country from all others existing in it. They feel that they are a distinct and superior class to the rest of the world which surrounds them; and their actions correspond with their high notions of their own superiority. Add to these qualities, that their bodies are inured to the climate, hardship, and fatigue, by long residence, habit, and exercise, to such a degree, that I have seen them for years together in the field without suffering any material sickness; that I have made them march sixty miles in thirty hours, and afterwards engage the enemy; and it will not be surprising that they should be respected as they are throughout India. Their weaknesses and vices, however repugnant to the feelings and prejudices of the natives, are passed over in the contemplation of their excellent qualities as soldiers, of which no nation has hitherto given such extraordinary instances. These qualities are the foundation of the British strength in Asia, and of that opinion by which it is generally supposed that the British empire has been gained and upheld. These qualities show in what manner nations consisting of millions are governed by 30,000 strangers. For this body, endowed with these excellent qualities, are negroes a substitute? It does not appear that the fidelity of the negroes can be depended upon; they are prone to mutiny. They are brave undoubtedly; but are they unhesitatingly so as are the English soldiers?—*Duke of Wellington.*

EARLY CLOSING.—What business have you to dictate to us when we ought to shut up shop? It is no affair of yours. A man has a right to do what he likes with his own; and his shop is his own, and so are the shopmen in it, as long as he pays them. You talk about their wanting recreation, but why are they to have recreation at our expense? What do we get by their recreation? Their "mental culture" as you call it, is nothing to us. We hire them to increase our business, not to improve their minds. Besides, we do very well without it, and why should not they? As to their morals, I'm sure we attend quite enough to them. We teach them not to embezzle goods, or rob the till, and we prosecute them if they do so. Besides, morals may be carried too far. An assistant must stretch a point, now and then, to get an article off. A pretty sort of morals, too, I call it, to cheat an employer out of three or four hours a day. Four hours would be 1s. 0½d., and a fraction over; downright plunder. What have you to say to that? As to injuring their health by confinement and late hours, that is their look out. Our object is to get as much work out of them as we can; if they don't like it, they may leave it.—MARTIN GROCER.—*Punch.*

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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.
FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1845.

LAND SALE.

At eleven o'clock of Wednesday, the 14th May, the following portions of Crown lands will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit, 10 per cent.

SUBURBAN LOTS.

Northumberland.—1. 21 acres, 2 roods, and 32 perches, Dempsey's Island, near Newcastle, No. 14. 2. 16 acres and 2 roods, same place, No. 23. 3. 20 acres, same place, No 24. 4. 22 acres, same place, No. 25. 5. 20 acres, Moscheto Island, near Newcastle, No. 23. 6. 19 acres and 2 roods, same place, No. 24. 7, 8. 20 acres each, Nos. 25 and 26. Upset price £1 per acre.

Macquarie.—9. 1 acre and 34 perches, near the town of Port Macquarie, No. 2 of section 36. 10. 1 acre, 1 rood, and 17 perches, same place, No. 3 of section 36. Upset price, £4 per acre.

St. Vincent.—11. 46 acres, near Currowon, commencing at the Currowon Creek, No. 1. 12. 50 acres, same place, No. 2. 13. 17 acres, same place, commencing at the Clyde River, No. 3. 14. 40 acres, same place. 15. 42 acres, same place. Upset price, £1 per acre.

SPECIAL COUNTRY LOT.

Cumberland.—16. 9 acres, parish of St. George, portion No. 49. Upset price, £1 10s. per acre.

COUNTRY LOTS.

Gloucester.—17. 50 acres, parish of Tomaree, at Salamander Bay, Port Stephens. 18. 30 acres, same place. Upset price, £1 per acre.

LAND SALE.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 15th of May, the following Town Allotments of Land will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit 10 per cent.

TOWN ALLOTMENTS.

Carcar.—1—4. 2 roods each, Nos. 3—6 of section 18. Upset price £8 per acre.

Parramatta.—5. 1 rood and 27 perches, No. 50 of section 26. 6. 1 rood and 28 perches, No. 51 of section 26. Upset price £25 per acre.

Bathurst.—7—15. 2 roods each, Nos. 1—8 of section 34, and No. 11 of section 31. Upset price, £8 per acre.

Mudgee.—16. 2 roods, No. 1 of section 10. Upset price £8 per acre.

Hartley.—17. 34 perches, No. 11 of section 9. 28. 3 roods and 19 perches, No. 7 of section 9. 29. 1 rood and 11 perches, No. 8 of section 10. 30. 1 rood and 15 perches, No 4 of section 14. 31. 1 rood and 29 perches, No. 5 of section 14. Upset price £8 per acre.

Newcastle.—18. 46 perches, No. 2 4 19—21. 36 perches each. Nos. 225-2-7. Upset price £50 per acre.

Raymond Terrace.—22—27. 2 roods each, Nos. 1—6 of section 16 Upset price £8 per acre.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock, of Thursday, the 24th of April will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Goulburn, the licenses to occupy the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st May, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres:—

Argyle.—1. 640 acres, at Geringoman. 2. 700 acres, at Nerrimunga. 3. 640 acres, same place.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd of May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Bathurst, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres.

Bathurst.—1. 640 acres, at Caloola, Dunn's Plains.

Roxburgh.—2. 1015 acres, at Capertee; commencing at the north-east corner of John M'Lean's 300 acres grant at Worrangee. 3, 4. 640 acres each, near Capertee.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 24th of April, will be put up to Auction, at the Police Office, Hartley, the licenses to occupy the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st May, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the District. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres

Roxburgh.—1. 640 acres, parish of Thornshope, at the confluence of Deadman's Creek with Solitary Creek, at Solitary Creek. 2. 900 acres, parish of Eusdale.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 24th of April, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Bathurst, the licenses to occupy the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st of May, 1845 Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres:—

Roxburgh.—1. 700 acres, near Capertee, about six miles north-west of Capertee. 2. 800 acres, near Capertee.

Bathurst.—3. 640 acres, near the Three Brothers.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock, of Thursday, the 24th April next, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Muswellbrook, the licenses to occupy the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st May, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres:—

Durham.—1. 640 acres, parish of Wynn and Vaux. 2—8. 640 acres each, parish of Wynn. 9, 10. 640 acres each, parish of Vaux.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At 11 o'clock, of Thursday, the 24th of April, the Colonial Treasurer will put up to auction at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, the Licences to occupy, under the regulations of 21st August, 1841, the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st May, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres:—

Brisbane.—1. 1200 acres, at the confluence of Page's Creek with the Hunter River.

Durham.—2, 3. 640 acres each, at Bell's Creek, near Moonan.

Murray.—4—6 640 acres each, at Merrigan.

Camden.—7. 640 acres, at Nattai River. 8. 0 acres, near Bimlow, Burragorang

Georgiana.—9. 700 acres, near Copperhania. 16. 640 acres, near Burrangylong, at the Long Swamp.

St. Vincent.—10. 700 acres, at Conjurong Lake. 14. 640 acres near Jembaicumbene. 15. 800 acres, near Broulee

Cook.—11. 100 acres, at Codumba.

Bathurst.—12 1000 acres, near Boorowa. 13. 640 acres, near Wangoola.

King.—17. 640 acres, two miles south of Kembea.

Phillip.—18. 700 acres, at Tombong Swamp, Cudgegong River, commencing on the Cudgegong River at the south-east corner of E. Cox's 709 acres. 19. 800 acres, at Widdin Creek. 20. 640 acres, near Peddai, near the head of Spring Creek. 21. 640 acres, near Dummer's Flat.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd of May, the Colonial Treasurer will put up to Auction, at the Colonial Treasury in Sydney the licenses to occupy, under the regulations of 21st August, 1841, the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres.

Georgiana.—1. 800 acres, at the Grove, Burrangylong Creek. 2. 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4. 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

King.—5. 800 acres, at Cullavin, at the head of Cullavin Creek. 6. 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7. 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14. 1150 acres, at Nelanglo, near the confluence of Nelanglo Creek with the Yass River.

Hunter.—8. 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

Northumberland.—9. 650 acres, at Newport, Lake Macquarie.

Murray—10. 1270 acres, at Jinglemoney, Shoalhaven River.

Phillip.—11. 800 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

Durham.—12. 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18. 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock, of Thursday, the 22nd of May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Goulburn, the licenses to occupy the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the District. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of £640 acres:—

Georgiana.—1. 1000 acres, at Wiarborough, Abercrombie River.

Argyle.—2. 800 acres, near Windellama.

IMPOUNDINGS.

Red Post Hill,—Falbrook: One brindle cow, little white on belly, branded JF on near shoulder, MO on ribs, with a black heifer calf, white back, rump, and belly, grey about head, if branded not legible, about eight months old. Light brindle bullock, spotted about hind legs, star in forehead, branded on near ribs and rump, IP. Yellow bullock, snail horns, star in forehead, part of tail white, branded ⌐ over WM on off rump, off ear cropt. Red cow, white back, rump, and belly, brand on near rump IP over T, milking side rump like IOL, ribs TI Black and white bull, branded H or M on near shoulder and ribs Red working bull stag, branded ⌐R conjoined on off hip, M over M, with M under, on shoulder. Red and white working bullock, white face, near ear cropt, cock horns, branded WN over (C) on near rump, on thigh two letters before A, illegible on ribs, 3 on shoulder, N on off ribs, brand on off rump disfigured by the whip. Black cow, white back, rump, and belly, spotted about head, branded on milking side rump resembling RH under X, ribs O, near side rump O, ribs M, both ears slit, with a strawberry calf, red ears, unbranded, about two months old. Red steer, white on belly, branded SC over SG on off ribs. If the above cattle are not claimed on or before the 1st May, they will be sold. J. Tulloch. 16s.

Yass.—From the Estate of Mr. G. Barber, near Yass: Red heifer, white back and belly, branded 43 on ribs, (M) on near side Dark brindle bullock, branded AJ on rump, S under on rump near side. Also, from the Estate of H. O'Brien, Esq., J.P., near Yass: Brindle cow, white tail, branded ⌂ over W on ribs. J-I on shoulder, 8 over LB on hip, with a red spotted calf unbranded. Red heifer, white spot on tail, branded MR on rump off side. Red cow, spotted, branded apparently O-H on rump near side, with a brindle heifer calf, apparently O-H on rump near side. Dark brindle cow, branded CC on rump, 20 on hip Black and white spotted steer, with an illegible brand on rump, 22 on hip under the other brand near side. If not claimed on or before the 25th April they will be sold. J. Wood. 12s. 3d.

Carcoar.—April 10; Red cow, branded EN 7 under, off rump. Brown and white bullock, illegible brand near rump. Black poley cow, branded No. 4 off shoulder, something like ✕ with a stroke through it on off rump. Red and white cow, branded B and an illegible letter on off rump, top off near horn. Red snail-horned bullock, branded JW ⌐ under near rump, split near ear. Brindle bullock, branded like XA near rump, 9 near shoulder, like MB conjoined near thigh. Brown and white poley cow, branded GR near rump. Brown and white spotted steer, branded J off rump, a blotch brand off rump and haunch. If the above cattle are not released within 21 days, they will be sold. J. Kerr. 11s. 3d.

Muswellbrook.—One brindle-sided bullock, brands resembling 9 over R \ near rump, 4 off shoulder, E on ribs, and JF over 6 off rump. Red and white bull stag, branded SM or 8M off thigh. Red bullock, branded ITH off ribs; damages 1s per head. Brindle working bullock, branded resembling DE near rump, IR off rump. Brindle bullock, a blotched brand resembling HP conjoined near rump, apparently 14 near thigh. Brindle-sided poley cow, branded IPV over ME near rump. Red and white heifer calf, unbranded, 2 months old; damages 3d. per head. If not released, they will be sold on 5th May. E. Bennett. 11s. 9d.

Bankstown.—Brown cow, branded apparently gT on off hip. If not claimed, to be sold on the 28th April. G. Howe. 9s.

Merton.—Bay horse, black points, short switch tail, very much saddle marked, white mark under the throat, aged, branded A on off and near shoulder. Bay colt, star on the forehead, near hind foot white, branded A1 on off shoulder, RW near side under the saddle; damages, 3d. per head If not released will be sold on the 30th April. G. Kibble. 9s. 3d.

Braidwood.—On 5th April, by Mr. Burnell, for trespass: Iron-grey colt, about three years old, nearly 15 hands high, white on both sides of back under saddle, branded like Z reversed on off shoulder. By Mr. Lee: Bay colt, two years old, about 14½ hands high, star on forehead, near hind foot and fetlock white, branded like J⊁ near shoulder. If not released within 21 days they will be sold. R. B Turner. 10s.

Cowra Rocks, Lachlan River.—March 25: Iron-grey filly, 2 years old, star in forehead, both hind heels white to the fetlock, branded off shoulder I-F conjoined. Chesnut colt, 2 years old, a little white off hind heel, branded on off shoulder I-F. Brindle and white working bullock, end of both horns cut off, branded off rump like W. Red working bullock, white back and belly, end of both horns cut off, branded off rump T with C under, off shoulder T, off ribs dB. Brown and white cow, tip off the near ear, branded near ribs JG Red and white steer, branded off rump GS. If the above are not released they will be sold.—W. Best. 11s. 6d.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

THE Advertiser is desirous of meeting with the above in a genteel quiet family where there are only one or two boarders taken, and has furnished rooms with attendance. Terms moderate. Address C N, Post Office. 5684

COTTAGE WANTED.

IN the vicinity of Sydney, containing, at the least, five rooms, with servants' apartments, &c. A garden would be desirable. The rent must not exceed £40 per annum.

Letters, post-paid, addressed D.A. and left at the Herald Office will meet immediate attention. 5657

COTTAGE WANTED.—Wanted to purchase or rent, a Cottage, situate within two miles of George street. Address, post-paid, to Mr. Edward Salamon, Auctioneer, George-street, Sydney. 5715

WANTED,

BILLET WOOD. Any quantity will be received at the mills of the undersigned in all this month, and for which 3s. 6d per ton will be paid

THOS BARKER AND CO

Steam Mills, April 12. 5576

SHEEP.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, 5000 or 6000 SHEEP in the northern district or, 1000 CATTLE with station. Apply by letter to S.S., Herald Office. 567-

PASSAGE TO ENGLAND

ANY Family desirous to proceed to England, may hear of a favourable opportunity, on application (if by letter post-paid,) to Z.Z.Z., Herald Office. 5719

SADDLE HORSE WANTED.

WANTED, a good Saddle Horse, from fourteen to fifteen hands high; price no object, provided the article is worth the money Apply to the undersigned.

E BENNETT,

5684 Pitt-street near the Union Bank.

SYDNEY DISPENSARY

WANTED for the Sydney Infirmary, A MATRON, she will have charge over the Nurses, and a general superintendance over the House. She must be able to keep accounts and be otherwise qualified for the duties of the office. No person need apply but such as can be recommended for honesty, sobriety, and general respectability of character. Rules and regulations, specifying the duties, may be obtained of the undersigned, to whom, or to Thomas Woolley, Esq., Treasurer, Applications, and testimonials must be forwarded on or before Saturday, the 26th instant

The salary will be £25 per annum, with apartments and provisions, agreeably to a scale approved by the weekly Committee.

5711 JOHN M'GARVIE, Hon. Sec.

GOVERNESS WANTED.

WANTED, in a Ladies' School, a respectable middle aged person as an Assistant; one who has been accustomed to tuition would be preferred. Apply at Mrs Harvey's, 247, Castlereagh-street North. 5663

TO DRAPERS.

WANTED AN ASSISTANT. One who has a general knowledge of the business would be preferred.

Applications will be received only between the hours of nine and ten, A. M.

5652 JOSEPH THOMPSON AND SON.

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED, six Apprentices under the tuition of a London West End Artiste. A Premium required. Apply at MRS. PERKINS'S,

5712 467, George street.

TO BOOT AND SHOEMAKERS.

WANTED a single man of sober and industrious habits to instruct apprentices. None need apply but those who are first-rate workmen. Apply, personally, from seven to ten in the morning, at the Glasgow Boot and Shoe Warehouse, 388, George-street.

Journeymen wanted. 5579

TO MILKMEN.

WANTED, a steady respectable man to undertake the management of a retail milking establishment. One accustomed to the business will be preferred. Apply to Mr. Johnson, Registry Office, Castlereagh-street 5669

WANTED,

A STEADY, able active man, accustomed to horses, and can drive a dray; he must be able to write, and none need apply without unexceptionable reference: if married and accustomed to town work will be preferred; the party will be required to reside on the premises. Apply at Town's Wharf, Miller's Point. 5661

SERVANT WANTED.—An active Woman, about five and twenty; wages liberal; good character indispensable. Apply to S. B. S. Herald Office. 5658

WANTED, a girl to assist in domestic servitude. Apply at the School of Arts, Pitt street. 5691

WANTED, to proceed to Moreton Bay, a Groom, to take charge of two entire horses: a good Man Cook, and a female House Servant. Characters must be produced.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Jamison-street.

April 16. 5701

WANTED, a Steady Man as Groom, and otherwise to make himself useful: must produce a good character. Apply to Mr. Elliott, Edinburgh Castle, corner of Pitt and Bathurst streets.

April 6. 5676

WANTED, a man to look after horses, an make himself generally useful. None need apply who cannot produce good characters from their last place. Apply to Mr. Saul Samuel, at the office of A. and S Lyons. 5667

BOARD AND LODGINGS, OR APARTMENTS.

A GENTLEMAN of retired habits may be accommodated with the above in a comfortable and central situation, where there are no children. To respectable parties terms moderate. Enquire at the Herald Office 5717

PROFESSIONAL RESIDENCE.

TO LET, a house in Elizabeth-street North, containing seven rooms, kitchen, servants'-room, and other conveniences. Rent moderate. Apply at 220, Josephson-terrace, Elizabeth-street North. 56-0

TO BE LET, the Premises No. 197, Elizabeth-street North, lately in the occupation of Mr. M'Culloch, solicitor, and taken by S. Raymond, Esq., on whose account and risk the said premises are now to be let Apply at the office of Mr Morehead, O'Connell-street. 5620

TO LET, on such terms as may be agreed on, the commodious house and premises situate at the corner of Pitt and Park streets, now in the occupation of Mrs E. Gold. For particulars apply to John Henderson, 9, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park 4691

TO LET, a genteel Family Residence, at Surry Hills, with or without a large productive garden. Rent moderate. For particulars apply to J F. Hilly, Surveyor, King-street, any morning before twelve o'clock. 6750

TO LET, in George-street, in a most central situation, the apartments lately occupied by Mr. Emanuel. Dentist; five rooms and a kitchen can be let, either furnished or unfurnished—would suit well for an office. Rent moderate. Apply to Guion, Jeweller, George-street, opposite Bridge-street. 5208

TO LET,

THAT well-known first-rate old-established HOTEL,

The ROSE INN, West Maitland,

Situated in the very centre of the town, and convenient to East Maitland, having every possible convenience and accommodation for a good business. For further particulars apply to Mr. William Lipscomb, West Maitland, with whom the keys are now lying; or to the undersigned, if by letter post-paid.

AND,

In the best part of High street, West Maitland,

AN EXTENSIVE SHOP,

With a handsome front, and Dwelling-House, containing seven rooms, with detached kitchen and stabling,—the whole in thorough repair.

4554 A. & S LYONS.

SALES BY AUCTION.

AT THE RISK OF MR. SAMUEL COHEN. (PURCHASED BY MR. SOLOMON COHEN, ON HIS ACCOUNT, 6TH FEBRUARY.)

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George street, on

FRIDAY, 18TH APRIL,

At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

Ten pieces navy blue prints

Five pieces shirting, 270 yards

Terms—Cash. 5691

CONTINUATION OF SALE AT THE ROYAL HOTEL,

OF SUPERB ORMULU CLOCKS, CANDELABRAS, SUPERIOR SHEFFIELD PLATE, CHINA VASES, CUT GLASS, GUNS, PISTOLS, AND OTHER FANCY USEFUL ARTICLES.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at the Royal Hotel,

THIS DAY,

At Eleven o'clock,

The remainder of the beautiful selection of fancy and other articles unsold yesterday, comprising—

Superb Ormolu and other clocks
Elegant candelabras and candlesticks
Most superior Sheffield plated ware
China vases
Cut glass and china
Guns, pistols
Pianoforte, work-tables
Rosewood cabinet clocks
Ironstone china, as advertised yesterday
Large complete dinner service
Glass shades and stands
Shower baths
Garden engine
Musical boxes
With a variety of other articles of use and ornament, too numerous to particularise.

The whole will be on view before the sale, and will be sold as yesterday—without any reserve.

Terms at sale

☞ Mr. Salamon will be obliged by purchasers at yesterday's sale removing their purchases previous to the commencement of this day's sale, to prevent confusion in delivery. 5716

TO DRAPERS, COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, PURCHASERS FOR THE ISLANDS, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, adjoining the Bank of New South Wales, on

FRIDAY, 18TH APRIL,

At half past ten o'clock precisely,

One trunk assorted velvet. Glengary glazed cambric, fancy velvet, and other caps
Two cases Orleans cloth, fashionable colours
One case men's brown cotton half hose
One bale cotton tick
Two bales coloured counterpanes
One bale Lancashire and swanskin flannels
One bale Welsh flannel
One case navy blue prints
Three cases assorted prints
Three bales grey domestics
Two cases bleached shirtings and super calicos
One case cotton handkerchiefs
One case imitation Irish shirtings
One case printed Orleans cloth
One case gents' white longcloth shirts, linen fronts and collars
Two cases regatta shirts
One case scarlet and blue serge shirts
One case blue and red baize shirts
&c., &c., &c

Terms at sale. 5686

Wednesday, 16th Instant, At Eleven o'clock.

SUPERIOR PALE SHERRY.

IN HOGSHEADS AND QUARTER CASKS.

JUST LANDED.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, George-street and Charlotte-place,

THIS DAY, 16TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

6 Hogsheads superior pale sherry, just landed

14 Quarter-casks superior pale sherry, just landed.

Terms at sale. 5615

WEDNESDAY, 16TH APRIL, 6 o'CLOCK EVENING.

EVENING'S SALE

OF THE

CAMPERDOWN ALLOTMENTS,

ON THE PARRAMATTA-ROAD,

For the convenience of intending purchasers.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell at his Mart, corner of George street and Charlotte-place,

THIS DAY, 16TH INSTANT,

At 6 o'clock in the evening,

WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE,

the remaining unsold allotments of this valuable part of the

CAMPERDOWN ESTATE,

the greater part having frontages to the Parramatta Roads and Camperdown Roads.

The great improvements going on in the direct vicinity of this property, show that purchasers at the present date are sure to make a good investment of their capital, as the property will be sold WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE, in order to close the affair.

For gardening and other purposes the soil will be found truly valuable, and the short distance from the

CITY OF SYDNEY

is one of the best recommendations that can be put forward in favour of this property.

⁂ A plan of the allotments is on view at the Mart of the auctioneer.

TERMS:

Twenty-five per cent. deposit on the fall of the hammer.

For the residue,

Under £20 cash; above that sum and under £50 three months' bill; £50 and under £100 two and four months; £100 and upwards two, four, and six months' bills dated from day of sale.

All bills to bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum from day of sale. 5321

IN THE ESTATE OF MESSRS. R. CAMPBELL, JUN., AND CO.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction at the Stores of Messrs. R. Campbell, jun., and Co., Bligh-street, on

THURSDAY, THE 17TH INSTANT,

At Eleven o'clock,

Thursday, April 17, at 11 o'clock

The remaining Stores of the above Firm, consisting of—

Tea, Tobacco, Cloves, Cream of Tartar, Port and Sherry Wines, Turpentine, Paints, Slops, Anchors and Chain Cables, Ironmongery, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

Terms at sale. 5545

TO STATIONERS, SCHOOLMASTERS, AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.

J. K. HEYDON has been instructed to sell by auction, UNRESERVEDLY, at his Mart, 78, King-street West, on

FRIDAY EVENING NEXT,

At seven precisely,

AN INVOICE OF NEW BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

From the house of Darton and Clark London, —just received by the Royal Consort, and comprising, in part—

An assortment of MAPS, mostly mounted on the patent principle spring rollers
Spelling Books, and other school books
Parley's Annual for '45, Morocco
Other modern works, in handsome bindings
Song Books
A quantity of Innes's Juvenile Books
Educational Magazine
Cruikshank's Comic Alphabet, and Book of Fun
Stories of the Animal World, an excellent work for youth
Master Timothy's Bookcase, 8vo., handsome, 19 illustrations
And a variety of Stationery and other Books.

May be viewed on Wednesday. 5627

THE BARGE UNION.

MONDAY, 21st April, 11 o'clock.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on

MONDAY, THE 21ST APRIL,

At eleven o'clock,

THE BARGE UNION,

BURTHEN ABOUT 110 TONS,

With all her standing and running rigging, as she is now lying off the Wharf of the Hunter River Steam Navigation Company, Sussex-street, and stores as per inventory.

⁂ Register and inventory may be inspected at the Mart of the Auctioneer.

Terms—Cash 5608

TO DRAPERS, TAILORS, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George-street, on

FRIDAY, 18TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

Three cases prints, just landed
One case print dresses, ditto
Two cases ditto ditto
One case 8-4 sheeting
One case supers
One case moleskin trousers
Fifty pairs blankets
One hundred gross pearl shirt buttons
With a variety of other soft goods. 5708

TO WINE MERCHANTS, PUBLICANS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by Auction, at his Rooms, Lower George-street, on

FRIDAY, THE 18TH INSTANT,

At half past eleven o'clock precisely,

Twenty four quarter casks sherry
Sixteen quarter casks, ditto, very superior
Two hogsheads ditto ditto ditto
Twenty cases, each 3 dozen, ditto ditto
Ten cases port, each 3 dozen ditto ditto
Ten cases claret
Three cases champagne
With a variety of other wines. 5707

TO OWNERS AND CAPTAINS OF SHIPS SHIP CHANDLERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George-street, on

FRIDAY, THE 18TH INSTANT,

At half-past eleven o'clock precisely,

Six cases Blocks, consisting of—
Single, Double, Treble } from 5 inch to 14 inch

ALSO,

An invoice of Brass Work, comprising—
Brass Knobs
Lamp hooks
Brass taps, of all sizes
Screws, bolts, &c. 5709

JUST LANDED,

150 BOXES "CHANCE BROTHERS" BEST GLASS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George-street, on

FRIDAY, THE 18TH INSTANT,

At half past eleven o'clock precisely,

One hundred and fifty Boxes Window Glass, viz.—

30 boxes,	10 x	8
30	"	14 x 10
10	"	16 x 12
20	"	16 x 14
20	"	18 x 12
20	"	18 x 14
10	"	20 x 14
10	"	20 x 16

Terms at sale. 5710

EXTENSIVE SALE OF GRINDERY.

TO SHOEMAKERS, IRONMONGERS, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD has received instructions to Sell by Auction, at his Rooms Lower George-street,

ON MONDAY, THE 21ST INSTANT,

At Eleven o'clock precisely, without the least Reserve,

An extensive and well selected assortment of GRINDERY, consisting of—

One hogshead, containing one gross shoemakers' clams
One hogshead—Forty reams glass paper, Nos. 1, 2, and 3; Cabinetmaker's, 0, 1, 1½, 2, 2½ 3
One hogshead—Broom heads, all sizes; Ground paint brushes, ditto; Sash tools, ditto; Shoe brushes, ditto
One case hemp, 2 oz. balls
One ditto ditto, 1 oz. ditto
One case stout shoe hairs, Nos. 0, 1, 2
One cask middle and hard heel balls
One cask first quality bristles
Six dozen broom handles
Three kegs ¼ inch cast headed bills
Nine ditto ⅜ ditto ditto
Three ditto ½ ditto ditto
Three ditto ⅝ ditto ditto
Two ditto ¼ ditto wrought cut bills
Two ditto ⅜ ditto ditto
Two ditto ½ ditto ditto
Two ditto ⅝ ditto wrought cut sprigs
Two ditto ¾ ditto ditto
One hogshead—6 dozen pairs men's and women's shoe lasts
One hogshead—Women's lasts; Shop boot trees; Ditto single ditto
One keg shoe hammers, 3, 5, 6
One dozen shoe pincers, 0, 1, 3
One cask sorted shoe-jiggers, fore-part boot irons, and French heels
One keg flat and half-round shoe rasps
One cask sorted steel shoe tacks, polished wrought shoe heels, and shoe pliers
One case shoe knives
One case sorted boot web, soft-wood shoe awl hafts, and hard ditto ditto, sorted shoemakers' long sticks
One cask awl-blades, closing, pegging, and French blades
One barrel Virginia hoes
With a great variety of other articles in grindery too numerous to mention.

Terms at sale. 5706

TO HORSE DEALERS AND OTHERS.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 489, George-street, ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH INSTANT,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

One black mare, nearly thoroughbred, and in foal by Whisker
One chestnut mare, with a fine filly foal, well bred, and in foal
One black filly, the sire was Charles Smith's imported horse Doncaster
One grey horse, well known for his good qualities.

The mares are broken in to saddle and harness—perfectly quiet The chestnut mare was broken in for a lady.

ALSO,

Dray and harness, saddle and bridle.

Terms at sale. 5687

KIOSK OR SUMMER HOUSE; ALSO, CAPERS, SAUCES, &c., &c.

MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON FRIDAY, 18TH APRIL,

At Eleven o'clock,

Three cases capers, pints
Three cases capers half-pints
Three cases assorted sizes.

ALSO,

A kiosk or summer-house for a gentleman's garden
A pump, with 40 feet, more or less, lead piping.

Terms at sale. 5691

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF THOMAS MOONEY,

WHEELWRIGHT, BALMAIN.

(By Order of the Official Assignee.)

MR. MORT will Sell by Public Auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, THE 17TH APRIL,

At Twelve o'clock,

All the Official Assignee's right, title, and interest unto the Equity of Redemption of the following Properties:—

Four weather-boarded Houses, erected on two Allotments of Land at Balmain.

Allotment of Land at Balmain, upon which there are erected—one Stone Building, unfinished; one Stone Cottage, finished; one weather-boarded Cottage, finished.

For full particulars apply to the Auctioneer.

Terms at sale.

5967 E. KNOX, Official Assignee

CHAMPION'S VINEGAR.

MR. MORT will sell by Public Auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

FRIDAY, 18TH APRIL,

At eleven o'clock,

Twenty quarter-casks Champion's vinegar, No. 24.

Terms at sale 5699

TAYLOR'S STOUT.

MR. MORT will sell by Public Auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

FRIDAY, 18TH APRIL,

At twelve o'clock,

Fifty hogsheads Taylor's stout, fresh landed, and in first-rate condition.

Terms at sale. 5700

SADDLES, CARRIAGE AND GIG HARNESS, WHIPS, FAMILY CARRIAGE, GIG, &c., &c.

MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

FRIDAY, 18TH APRIL,

At eleven o'clock,

One case, containing—
Six best hogskin saddles, complete
One ditto ditto ladies' side saddles, ditto
Eighteen ditto gig whips
One set carriage harness
One ditto gig ditto.

ALSO,

A very excellent family carriage, well built, and with all the newest improvements

One gig, nearly new.

Terms at sale. 5696

TEN CASES HOSIERY, JUST LANDED.

TO DRAPERS, STOREKEEPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street, on

THURSDAY, THE 17TH INSTANT,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

Ten cases superior hosiery, comprising—Women's white and black hose, girl's white hose, men's brown half hose, men's white half hose, children's socks, &c.

☞ The above excellent assortment having been purchased for this market, the greatest care has been taken by the importer to select only articles of the first description. The Auctioneer, therefore, directs particular attention to all classes of buyers to the above important sale.

Terms at sale. 5704

ROYAL CONSORT.

DRAB CLOTH TROUSERS, DOESKIN, PILOT, AND CHESTERFIELD COATS, MOLESKIN TROUSERS, SATIN VESTS, PRINTS, SHIRTING, HOSIERY, &C.

TO DRAPERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street, on

THURSDAY NEXT, APRIL 17TH,

At Eleven o'clock precisely,

One case drab cloth trousers
Fancy doeskin trousers
Men's cord trousers
Pilot coats
Chesterfield coats, velvet collars and cuffs
One case millers' drab trousers
Two cases superfine moleskin trousers
One case satin vests, superior
One case hosiery
Three cases prints
Two cases regatta and striped shirting

Terms at Sale. 5631

HOOP IRON.

TO COOPERS, IRONMONGERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter street, on

FRIDAY, THE 18TH INSTANT,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

72 Bundles Hoop Iron, 1 inch and 1½ ditto.

Terms at sale. 5703

EARTHENWARE.—SECOND SALE.

A CAPITAL SELECTION OF SUPERIOR WARE, TO BE SOLD WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE.

J. G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George street, near Hunter street, on

FRIDAY, THE 18TH INSTANT.

At half-past eleven o'clock precisely.

An assortment of superior Earthenware, well adapted for country storekeepers, dealers, private families, and others, whose attention to this sale is requested.

Seventeen packages comprising—
Large sized bowls and saucers
Pint and half pint basons
Jugs, mugs, and children's cans
Ewers, basons, and chambers
Willow vegetable dishes, tureens, &c.
Toilet services of superior styles
A few dinner services.

AFTER WHICH,

A small selection of the improved IRONSTONE china ware, including a dinner, dessert, and breakfast service, with some elegant jugs and ornaments.

Terms at sale. 5705

INVOICE OILMAN'S STORES, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

TO GROCERS, CONFECTIONERS, PERFUMERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street, on

FRIDAY, THE 18TH INSTANT,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

The following well assorted Invoice Oilman's Stores, &c, having been selected entirely for this market. The auctioneer directs particular attention to all classes of buyers, and to the undermentioned goods being of the best description, viz.:—

12 Cases quart pickles
6 Ditto pint ditto
6 Ditto 1 lb. mustard
4 Ditto ½ lb. ditto
2 Ditto salad oil, pints
4 Ditto assorted sauces, pints and half pints
11 Ditto fruits
1 Ditto olives, pints
2 Ditto anchovies, pints
7 Ditto jams
1 Ditto capers, pints and half-pints
1 Ditto salmon, 2 lb. tins
1 Ditto maccaroni and vermicelli
1 Ditto vermicelli
2 Ditto salt herrings, in jars
2 Ditto lozenges, assorted
1 Ditto eau de Cologne
1 Ditto white Windsor soap
1 Ditto brown ditto ditto.

Terms at sale.

SADDLE AND HARNESS HORSES.

IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE MR. RICHARD WEBB.

By Order of the Executors.

MR MORT will sell by public auction, AT THE CATTLE MARKET,

At Eleven o'clock

ON TUESDAY, THE 22ND INSTANT,

Nineteen head of Horse Stock: many of them being superior hacks; also, some excellent single and double harness horses.

Without reserve. Terms, cash. 5698

HATS, BOOKS, FURNITURE, WINE, &c., &c., &c.

THURSDAY, | MR. STUBBS | APRIL 17.

WILL sell by auction, at the Mart, King-street, on

THURSDAY NEXT, 17TH APRIL,

At Eleven o'clock,

DEL Case No. 1, containing—
36 Gent's fashionable drab shell hats
12 Ditto best black stuff hats
Case No. 2.—75 Boys best waterproof hats
BD 1 Case containing—
611 Volumes English books, beautiful editions, just landed, amongst which are—

The President's Daughter, O'Halloran, the Spy, Simmond's Rosina, Red Rover, Lionel Lincoln, Two Years before the Mast, Arabian Nights, Don Sebastian, Buffon, Last of the Mohicans, Romance of the Pyrenees, Inglewood Forest, Modern Cabinet of Arts, Sicilian Romance, Life of Napoleon, the Pilot, History of England Pamela, British Novelist, Young's Night Thoughts, Cowper's Poems, Scott's Works, Burns' Poems, Byron's Works, Victoria Scrap Book, Vicar of Wakefield, with a large collection of other works well deserving the attention of the trade

ALSO

Furniture, Wines, and a general assortment of merchandise goods.

AFTER WHICH,

Several horses and carts, &c., &c.

Terms, cash 5718

ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND IN THE COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

A PURCHASE FROM THE CROWN.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the Proprietor to submit to Public Competition, and sell without any reserve, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 23RD DAY OF APRIL,

at his Rooms King-street, Sydney,

All that FARM of Land, containing by Deed of Grant from the Crown ONE HUNDRED ACRES, lying and situate in the county of Northumberland, adjoining the Estate of MATTHEW PEARSON THOMSON, Esquire, which bounds it on one side. The exact position of it is near "Boree Swamp" and "Yengo Creek," which disembogues itself into the "Macdonald River," or first branch of the "Hawkesbury," from which it is only a short distance, and it lies about ten miles westerly from Sir T. L. Mitchell's Main Road from Wiseman's to "Wollombi," at the well-known watering and resting place "Dennis's Dog Kennel." It would suit a newly arrived emigrant with a family well, as there is an unlimited Government Run for stock to the northward and eastward of it, and there is no quit rent on it.

Terms at Sale.

Plan, grant, &c., &c., at the Rooms. 5900

TO BUTCHERS, CONTRACTORS, &c

FAT CATTLE.

MR. ROBERTS will sell by public auction, in a few days, at the Cattle Market,

One hundred fat bullocks, or thereabouts, in lots to suit small as well as large buyers.

Full particulars in a day or two.

Terms—Cash. 5473

WINDSOR.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE OF SALE.

ELIGIBLE INVESTMENT.

MR. LABAN WHITE has the honour to announce, that having received instructions from the Executors of the late Mr Wm. Cross, he will submit to public competition in the month of May next, (the day, place, terms, and further particulars will be set forth in a future advertisement), all that well known and long established Commercial Inn, the Windsor Hotel, situate in Bridge-street, and near the Police Office. Also, all those four commodious Dwelling-houses, pleasantly situated in Macquarie-street, Windsor The Macquarie Arms, kept by Mr Wm. Thompson, forms one of these.

Communication in reference to the above may be made, either to F Beddek, Esq., or to the Auctioneer (if by letter, post-paid.)

AT THE SAME TIME,

By Order of the (Mortgagee),

All that parcel of Land, containing by estimation two hundred acres, more or less, situated in the district of Castlehill, originally granted from the Crown to Matthew Gibbons, and subsequently acquired by Thomas Harley, who is now the owner and occupier thereof; all which parcel of Land is bounded by the lands granted from the Crown to Hillas Gibson, Mitcham and others.

Windsor, March 31. 4949

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

THE GEELONG AND MELBOURNE STEAMER "APHRASIA,"

AND "SAMUEL CUNARD," HULK.

BRODIE AND CRUIKSHANK have received instructions from the Directors of the Port Phillip Steam Navigation Company, to submit to public competition, at the Company's Store, Melbourne,

ON THURSDAY, THE 1ST MAY NEXT,

At Two o'clock, P.M.,

The above-named Vessels, so well known that comment is unnecessary.

Terms—Twenty-five per cent. cash; the remainder by approved bills at three, six, and nine months, secured on the vessels.

The vessels can be inspected on application at the Company's Office, where all particulars can be obtained.

Melbourne, March 1. 384

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney, April 8.

Bloxsome v. Green.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of May, at noon, at the London Tavern, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold by public auction, under and by virtue of the authority to him given by the Act of the Governor in Council, 5th Victoria, No. 9, all the right, title, interest, and estate of the above defendant, in and to the equity of redemption of all those five acres of land, situate in the county of Cumberland, parish of Willoughby, at Ball's Head Bay; commencing at the south-east corner of the reserve at Gore's Wharf; and bounded on the north by that reserve, being a line west eleven chains; on the west by a line south, four chains and twenty links; on the south by a line east, fourteen chains and fifty links, to Ball's Head Bay; and on the east by the water of that Bay to the reserve aforesaid: And also all that piece or parcel of land, situate in the parish of Willoughby, county of Cumberland, in the colony of New South Wales containing by admeasurement six acres three roods, be the same more or less, allotment No. 24, near Ball's Head; bounded on the east by a line north, commencing at a stake situate at the edge of the waters of Lane Cove, seven chains forty links, dividing it from a measured portion of seven acres, and Government land; on the north by a line west, ten chains forty links, to the waters of Lane Cove; and on the south west by the waters of Lane Cove. Unless this execution is previously satisfied.

CORNELIUS PROUT,

5304 Under Sheriff.

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